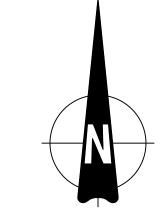
BY USING THESE STANDARD PLANS, THE USER AGREES TO RELEASE THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO FROM ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LIABILITIES, SUITS, AND DEMANDS ON ACCOUNT OF ANY INJURY, DAMAGE, OR LOSS TO PERSONS OR PROPERTY, INCLUDING INJURY OR DEATH, OR ECONOMIC LOSSES, ARISING OUT OF THE USE OF THESE CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS. THE USE OF THESE PLANS DOES NOT ELIMINATE OR REDUCE THE USER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO VERIFY ANY AND ALL INFORMATION.

BMP LEGEND	SHEET INDEX		
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PDS 659 BERM ————————————————————————————————————	A2	ELECTRICAL PLAN	
DIRECTION OF LOT DRAINAGE	A3	ELEVATIONS - FRONT & BACK	
MATERIALS & WASTE MANAGEMENT BMPs:	A4	ELEVATIONS - RIGHT & LEFT	
WM-1 MATERIAL DELIVERY & STORAGE	A5	ROOF PLAN / TRUSS LAYOUT	
WM-4 SPILL PREVENTION AND CONTROL	A6	SECTIONS	
WM-8 CONCRETE WASTE MANAGEMENT	S1	FOUNDATION PLAN	
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SS-3 BONDED OR STABILIZED FIBER MATRIX (WINTER) ~M~M~		GLNLKAL CODES	
SS-4 HYDROSEEDING (SUMMER) ~TSP ~TSP		DJECT SHALL COMPLY WITH THE FOLLOWING BUILDING ND ASSOCIATED COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO AMENDMENTS:	
SS-6 / SS-8 STRAW OR WOOD MULCH ~ S/W~ S/W~	• 2022	2 CALIFORNIA RESIDENTIAL CODE 2 CALIFORNIA BUILDING CODE	
SS-7 PHYSICAL STABILIZATION (WINTER) ~ EBM ~ EBM	• 2022	2 CALIFORNIA GREEN BUILDING STANDARDS CODE 2 CALIFORNIA ELECTRICAL CODE	
SS-10 ENERGY DISSIPATOR	• 2022	2 CALIFORNIA MECHANICAL CODE	
SC-1 SILT FENCE —	• 2022	2 CALIFORNIA PLUMBING CODE 2 CALIFORNIA FIRE CODE	
SC-2 / PDS 659 SEDIMENT / DESILTING BASIN	• 2022	2 CALIFORNIA BUILDING ENERGY EFFICIENCY STANDARDS	
SC-5 FIBER ROLLS ——FR——FR——		DESIGN BASIS	
SC-6 / SC-8 GRAVEL OR SAND BAGS ∞		FIONAL LIGHT FRAME CONSTRUCTION OF LIVE LOAD: 20 PSF	
SC-7 STREET SWEEPING AND VACUUMING	• ULT	IMATE WIND SPEED: 110 MPH	
SC-10 STORM DRAIN INLET PROTECTION	• SITE	OSURE CATEGORY: C E CLASS: D	
NS-2 DEWATERING FILTRATION —— DW —— DW —— DW		CATEGORY: II 1.25	
TC-1 STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE	SEISMIC DESIGN CATEGORY: D2 ALLOW SOIL VERTICAL BEARING PRESSURE: 1500 PSF		
TC-2 CONSTRUCTION ROAD STABILIZATION	ALLOW SOIL VERTICAL BEARING PRESSURE: 1500 PSF ALLOW SOIL LATERAL BEARING PRESSURE: 100 PSF/FT		
TC-3 ENTRANCE / EXIT TIRE WASH	ENERGY EFFICIENCY SPECIAL FEATURE		
BASELINE BMPs FOR EXISTING AND PROPOSED SITE FEATURES	SPECIFY	AS INDICATED IN CF1R FORM (TITLE 24):	
SD-B DIRECT RUNOFF TO PERVIOUS AREAS			
SD-C INSTALL GREEN ROOF			
SD-E INSTALL RAIN BARRELS			
SD-G CONSERVE NATURAL FEATURES			
SD-H PROVIDE BUFFERS AROUND WATER BODIES	ENEF	RGY EFFICIENCY HERS VERIFICATION	
SD-I CONSTRUCT SURFACES FROM PERMEABLE MATERIALS	SPECIFY	AS INDICATED IN CF1R FORM (TITLE 24):	
SD-K SUSTAINABLE LANDSCAPING		······································	
BASELINE BMPs FOR POLLUTANT-GENERATING SOURCES			
SC-A OVERHEAD COVERING			
SC-B SEPARATION OF FLOWS FROM ADJACENT AREAS			
SC-C WIND PROTECTION			
SC-D SANITARY SEWER			
SC-E CONTAINMENT SYSTEM			
POTENTIAL RUNOFF POLLUTANTS:			
A TRASH & REFUSE STORAGE		LY COMPLETED AND SIGNED CERTIFICATES OF ATION (CF2R FORMS) SHALL BE PROVIDED TO THE	
B MATERIALS & EQUIPMENT STORAGE	INSPECT	OR IN THE FIELD. FOR PROJECTS REQUIRING HERS ATION, THE CF2R FORMS SHALL BE REGISTERED WITH	
C LOADING & UNLOADING	A CALIFO	ORNIA-APPROVED HERS PROVIDER DATA REGISTRY." RMS ARE AVAILABLE AT	
D FUELING		WW.SDCOUNTY.CA.GOV/PDS/BLDG/ENERGY-STDS.HTML.	
E MAINTENANCE & REPAIR		LY COMPLETED CERTIFICATES OF VERIFICATION (CF3R	
F VEHICLE & EQUIPMENT CLEANING	FORMS)	SHALL BE PROVIDED TO THE INSPECTOR IN THE FIELD MS REQUIRING HERS VERIFICATION. CF3R FORMS	
G OTHER	SHALL B PROVIDE	E REGISTERED WITH A CALIFORNIA-APPROVED HERS ER DATA REGISTRY." CF3R FORMS ARE AVAILABLE AT WW.SDCOUNTY.CA.GOV/PDS/BLDG/ENERGY-STDS.HTML.	



ENGINEERING SCALE: 1" =

HTTP://WWW.SDCOUNTY.CA.GOV/PDS/BLDG/ENERGY-STDS.HTML. (CBEES 10-103)

PROVIDE <u>SOLAR PV SYSTEM</u> UNDER SEPARATE PERMIT. SYSTEM SIZE TO COMPLY WITH ENERGY COMPLIANCE DOCUMENTATION

VICINITY MAP	OWNER INFORMATION	CONTACT INFORMATION	PROJECT INFORMATION		US AREA INFO	ORMATION		IN	IPERVIOUS A	REA INFOR	MATION	SHEET TITLE			
	NAME:	NAME:	PROJECT SCOPE: PROPOSED 1500 SF SINGLE FAMILY DWELLING	SITE ID PERVIOUS ITEM	DIMENSIONS	AREA (SF)	NOTES	SITE ID IMPER	VIOUS ITEM	DIMENSIONS	NEW or REPLACED AREA (SF) EXISTING AREA (SF)				
	ADDRESS:	ADDRESS:	APN:	1				1 PROPOSED	SFD ROOF AREA	53'-0" x 34'-0"	1802	PLOT PLAN			
			SITE ADDRESS:	2		2									
	DUONE:	DUONE.	SITE ADDICESS.	3				3				SHEET NUMBER			
	PHONE:	PHONE:	PROPERTY CONNECTED TO THE ELECTRICAL GRID: ☐ YES ☐ NO	PERVIOUS ELEMENT N	L ANUFACTURER:			4							
					PROPERTY SERVICED BY: NATURAL GAS PROPANE (SHOW THE PROPANE TANK ON PLOT PLAN)	PERVIOUS ELEMENT S	OPE AND DIRECTIO	N OF SLOPE:		-	ΓΟΤΑL (SF)				
	EMAIL:	EMAIL: ALL PROPOSED BUILDINGS. STRUCTURES. ADDITIONS. MODIFICATIONS TO BUILDINGS/STRUCTURES MUST COMPLY WITH THE APPROVED LO		EMAIL: ALL PROPOSED BUILDINGS, STRUCTURES, ADDITIONS, MODIFICATIONS TO BUILDINGS/STRUCTURES MUST COMPLY WITH THE APPROVED LOCATION		EMAIL: ALL PROPOSED BUILDINGS, STRUCTURES, ADDITIONS, MODIFICATIONS TO BUILDINGS/STRUCTURES MUST COMPLY WITH THE APPROVED LOCATION.		LOCATION. MAINTENANCE PROGRAM:						SP	SP-1
			AS SHOWN ON THE COUNTY APPROVED PLOT PLAN. AT THE DISCRETION OF THE COUNTY, THE PROPERTY OWNER MAY BE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE PROOF OF CURRENT PLACEMENT OF EACH ON THE PARCEL. THIS MAY INCLUDE A STAMPED AND SIGNED SETBACK CERTIFICATE PREPARED BY A CALIFORNIA LICENSED SURVEYOR OR CIVIL ENGINEER. (COUNTY BUILDING CODE 91.1.107.2)	PERVIOUS ELEMENT C				LAND DISTURBAN	CE:	_SF					

	WINDOW SCHEDULE									
MARK	DIMENSION	QTY	TYPE	TEMPERED	NOTES					
Α	5'-0" x 4'-0"	4	SLIDING							
В	3'-0" x 4'-0"	4	SINGLE HUNG							
С	4'-0" x 2'-0"	2	SLIDING	Y						
D	5'-0" x 3'-0"	1	SLIDING							

EXTERIOR WINDOWS, EXTERIOR GLAZED DOORS, GLAZED OPENINGS WITHIN EXTERIOR DOORS, GLAZED OPENINGS WITHIN EXTERIOR GARAGE DOORS, AND EXTERIOR STRUCTURAL GLASS VENEER SHALL COMPLY WITH ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: (SELECT ONE)

A. MULTI-PANE GLAZING WITH A MINIMUM OF ONE TEMPERED PANE MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 2406 SAFETY GLAZING, AND WHERE ANY GLAZING FRAMES MADE OF VINYL MATERIALS SHALL HAVE WELDED CORNERS, METAL REINFORCEMENT IN INTERLOCK AREA, AND BE CERTIFIED TO AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A40

. MINIMUM 20-MIN FIRE-RESISTANCE-RATED.

. MEET PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS OF SFM STANDARD 12-7A-2

DOOR SCHEDULE								
MARK	DIMENSION	QTY	TYPE	TEMPERED	NOTES			
1	3'-0" x 6'-8"	1	SWINGING					
2	2'-8" x 6'-8"	3	SWINGING					
3	2'-6" x 6'-8"	3	SWINGING					
4	6'-0" x 6'-8"	1	SLIDING	Y				
5	3'-0" x 6'-8"	1	SWINGING					
6	2'-8" x 6'-8"	1	POCKET					
7	5'-4" x 6'-8"	1	DOUBLE POCKET		WALK-IN CLOSET			
8	6'-4" x 6'-8"	1	SLIDING		CLOSET			
9	8'-0" x 6'-8"	1	SLIDING		CLOSET			
10	4'-6" x 6'-8"	1	BI-FOLD		LAUNDRY			

EXTERIOR DOORS SHALL COMPLY WITH ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: (SELECT ONE)

A. EXTERIOR SURFACE OR CLADDING OF NON—COMBUSTIBLE OR IGNITION—RESISTANT MATERIAL

B. SOLID CORE WOOD COMPLYING WITH THE FOLLOWING:

— STILES AND RAILS MINIMUM 1—3/8 INCHES THICK

- RAISED PANELS MINIMUM 1-1/4 INCHES THICK

EXCEPTION: EXTERIOR PERIMETER OF RAISED PANEL MAY TAPER TO
A TONGUE MINIMUM 3/4 INCHES THICK

MINIMUM 20-MIN FIRE RATED WHEN TESTED PER NFPA 252 MEET PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS OF SFM STANDARD 12-7A-1

FLOOR PLAN NOTES

- 1. EXTERIOR WALLS WITHIN 3 FEET OF PROPERTY LINE (WITH SPRINKLERS) OR 5 FEET OF PROPERTY LINE (WITHOUT SPRINKLERS) REQUIRE 1—HOUR FIRE RATING FOR EXPOSURE TO BOTH SIDES.
- 2. PROJECTIONS:

 PROHIBITED WITHIN 2 FEET OF PROPERTY LINE
- 1-HOUR FIRE RATING ON THE UNDERSIDE WITHIN 3FT OF PROPERTY LINE (WITH SPRINKLERS)
 1-HOUR FIRE RATING ON THE UNDERSIDE WITHIN 5FT OF PROPERTY LINE (WITHOUT SPRINKLERS)
- . OPENINGS:
- PROHIBITED WITHIN 3FT OF PROPERTY LINE
 MAXIMUM 25% OF WALL AREA WITHIN 5 FEET OF PROPERTY LINE (WITHOUT SPRINKLERS)
- 4 PENETRATIONS:
- 1-HOUR FIRE-RATED PENETRATIONS OF WALLS WITHIN 3FT OF PROPERTY LINE (WITH SPRINKLERS)
- 1-HOUR FIRE—RATED PENETRATIONS OF WALLS WITHIN 5FT OF PROPERTY LINE (WITHOUT SPRINKLERS)
- 5. CONCRETE LANDING WITH MIN 36" DEPTH AND A MAXIMUM OF $1-\frac{1}{2}$ " LOWER THAN TOP OF DOOR THRESHOLD

OPTIONAL ROLL-IN SHOWER PLAN NOTES

- 1. SHOWER COMPARTMENT SEAT
- MUST BE FOLDING TYPE, NOT TO EXCEED MORE THAN 6 INCHES FROM MOUNTING WALL WHEN FOLDED
- LOCATED WITHIN 27 INCHES OF SHOWER CONTROLS
- MOUNTED MINIMUM 17 INCHES AND MAXIMUM 19 INCHES ABOVE BATHROOM FINISHED FLOOR.
 SEAT INSTALLED ON SIDE WALL ADJACENT TO CONTROLS AND EXTENDING FROM BACK WALL TO POINT WITHIN 3 INCHES OF SHOWER COMPARTMENT
- STRUCTURAL ADEQUACY OF MOUNTING HARDWARE AND FASTENERS TO ACCOMMODATE 250 POUND POINT LOAD APPLIED AT ANY POINT ON THE
- GRAB BAR, FASTENER, MOUNTING DEVICE, OR SUPPORTING STRUCTURE

 2. SHOWER GRAB BARS
- MOUNTED MINIMUM 33 INCHES AND MAXIMUM 36 INCHES ABOVE SHOWER
- NOT EXTENDING OVER SHOWER SEAT
- IF CROSS SECTION IS CIRCULAR, MINIMUM $1-\frac{1}{4}$ " AND MAXIMUM 2" OUTSIDE DIAMETER
- IF CROSS SECTION IS NON-CIRCULAR, MINIMUM 4" AND MAXIMUM 4.8" PERIMETER AND MAXIMUM $2-\frac{1}{4}$ " CROSS SECTION DIMENSION GRAB BARS MOUNTED ADJACENT TO A WALL, $1-\frac{1}{2}$ " ABSOLUTE SPACE
- BETWEEN WALL AND GRAB BAR

 MINIMUM 1-1/2" SPACE BETWEEN GRAB BAR AND PROJECTING OBJECTS
- BELOW AND AT ENDS

 MINIMUM 12 INCH SPACE BETWEEN GRAB BAR AND PROJECTING OBJECTS ABOVE

 SURFACE MATERIAL OF ANY WALLS OR OBJECTS ADJACENT TO GRAB BARS
- MUST BE FREE OF SHARP OR ABRASIVE ELEMENTS AND HAVE ROUNDED EDGES.

 STRUCTURAL ADEQUACY OF MOUNTING HARDWARE AND FASTENERS TO ACCOMMODATE 250 POINT FOUNT LOAD APPLIED AT ANY POINT ON THE
- ACCOMMODATE 250 POUND POINT LOAD APPLIED AT ANY POINT ON THE GRAB BAR, FASTENER, MOUNTING DEVICE, OR SUPPORTING STRUCTURE

 WALL REINFORCEMENT TO BE PROVIDED AT LOCATION OF GRAB BARS (E.G. BLOCKING)
- 3. OPERABLE PARTS OF SHOWER CONTROLS AND FAUCETS:
- INSTALLED ON BACK WALL OF SHOWER COMPARTMENT ADJACENT TO SEAT WALL
- LOCATED MINIMUM 19 INCHES AND MAXIMUM 27 INCHES FROM SEAT WALL
 LOCATED ABOVE GRAB BAR BUT NO HIGHER THAN 48 INCHES ABOVE SHOWER FLOOR
- CENTERLINE AT MINIMUM 39 INCHES AND MAXIMUM 41 INCHES ABOVE SHOWER FLOOR
 SINGLE-LEVER DESIGN
- OPERABLE WITH MAXIMUM 5 POUNDS OF FORCE
- OPERABLE WITH ONE HAND AND WITHOUT TIGHT GRASPING, PINCHING, OR TWISTING OF WRIST
- 4. SPRAYER UNIT AND ASSOCIATED OPERABLE PARTS SHALL BE PROVIDED PER THE FOLLOWING:
 OPERABLE PARTS, INCLUDING HANDLE, TO BE INSTALLED ON BACK WALL OF SHOWER COMPARTMENT MINIMUM 19 INCHES AND MAXIMUM 27 INCHES
- FROM SEAT WALL

 OPERABLE PARTS LOCATED ABOVE GRAB BAR BUT NO HIGHER THAN 48 INCHES ABOVE SHOWER FLOOR, MEASURED TO TOP OF MOUNTING BRACKET
- MINIMUM 59 INCH LONG HOSE
 CAPABLE FOR USE AS FIXED SHOWER HEAD AND HAND HELD SHOWER
- ON/OFF CONTROL WITH NON-POSITIVE SHUT OFF
 ADJUSTABLE -HEIGHT SHOWER HEADS ON VERTICAL BAR SHALL NOT OBSTRUCT USE OF BATHTUB GRAB BARS
- 5. WHERE SOAP DISHES ARE PROVIDED, MAXIMUM 40 INCHES ABOVE SHOWER FLOOR AND WITHIN REACH LIMITS FROM THE SHOWER SEAT
- 6. MAXIMUM 2.1% SLOPE IN ALL DIRECTIONS OF ROLL—IN SHOWER FLOORS
 7. MAXIMUM ½ HIGH THRESHOLDS WITH MAXIMUM 50% BEVELED SLOPE AT ROLL—IN SHOWERS
- 8. WHERE DRAINS ARE PROVIDED AT ROLL—IN SHOWERS, MAXIMUM 1/4" GRATE OPENINGS FLUSH WITH SHOWER FLOOR SURFACE

AGING-IN-PLACE AND FALL PREVENTION

WALL LEGEND

2x6 WALL

2x4 WALL

- REINFORCEMENT FOR GRAB BARS: AT LEAST ONE BATHROOM ON THE ENTRY LEVEL SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH REINFORCEMENT INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION R327.1.1. REINFORCEMENT SHALL BE MINIMUM 2X8 SOLID LUMBER, LOCATED BETWEEN 32" AND 39—¼" ABOVE THE FINISHED FLOOR FLUSH WITH WALL FRAMING ON BOTH SIDE WALLS OF THE FIXTURE.
- 2. ELECTRICAL OUTLETS, SWITCH, AND CONTROL HEIGHTS SHALL BE LOCATED NO MORE THAN 48" MEASURED FROM THE TOP OF THE OUTLET BOX AND NOT LESS THAN 15" MEASURED FROM THE BOTTOM OF THE OUTLET BOX ABOVE THE FINISHED FLOOR (SECTION R327.1.2). SHOW DIMENSION ON ELEVATION.
- . DOORBELL BUTTONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 48" ABOVE EXTERIOR FLOOR OR LANDING. (SECTION R327.1.4). SHOW DIMENSION ON ELEVATION.
- NITERIOR DOORS: EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2024, AT LEAST ONE BATHROOM AND ONE BEDROOM ON THE ENTRY LEVEL SHALL PROVIDE A DOORWAY WITH A NET CLEAR OPENING OF NOT LESS THAN 32 INCHES, MEASURED WITH THE DOOR POSITIONED AT AN ANGLE OF 90 DEGREES FROM THE CLOSE POSITION; OR, IN THE CASE OF A TWO— OR THREE—STORY SINGLE FAMILY DWELLING, ON THE SECOND OR THIRD FLOOR OF THE DWELLING IF A BATHROOM OR BEDROOM IS NOT LOCATED ON THE ENTRY LEVEL.

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County of San Diego, Planning & Development Servi Single FAMILY DWELLING (1500 SF)



A1

FLOOR PLAN

	ELECTRICAL	LEG	SEND
Œ	DUPLEX OUTLET	0	HIGH EFFICACY RECESSED LIGHT
\$	WALL SWITCH	Ф	GARBAGE DISPOSAL
\$ _{G.D}	GARBAGE DISPOSAL SWITCH		
\$ _{v.s}	VACANCY SENSOR		
\$	4" DIA DRYER VENT		
(S.D)	SMOKE DETECTOR		
<u>c.o</u>	CARBON MONOXIDE ALARM		FAN & LIGHT COMBO
	FAN AND LIGHT COMBINATION		1711 & 2.5111 5511125
\Diamond	HIGH EFFICACY LIGHT FIXTURE		

ELECTRICAL PLAN 3/8" = 1'-0"

SYSTEMS USING GAS OR PROPANE WATER HEATERS TO SERVE INDIVIDUAL DWELLING UNITS SHALL DESIGNATE A SPACE AT LEAST 2.5 FEET BY 2.5 FEET WIDE AND 7 FEET TALL SUITABLE FOR THE FUTURE INSTALLATION OF A HEAT PUMP WATER HEATER (HPWH) BY MEETING EITHER A OR B BELOW. ALL ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CALIFORNIA ELECTRICAL CODE:

- 1. IF THE DESIGNATED SPACE IS WITHIN 3 FEET FROM THE WATER HEATER, THEN THIS SPACE SHALL INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:
- b. BOTH ENDS OF THE UNUSED CONDUCTOR SHALL BE LABELED WITH THE WORD "SPARE" AND BE ELECTRICALLY ISOLATED: AND c. A RESERVED SINGLE POLE CIRCUIT BREAKER SPACE IN THE ELECTRICAL PANEL ADJACENT TO THE CIRCUIT BREAKER FOR THE
- d. A CONDENSATE DRAIN THAT IS NO MORE THAN 2 INCHES HIGHER THAN THE BASE OF THE INSTALLED WATER HEATER AND ALLOWS
- 2. IF THE DESIGNATED SPACE IS MORE THAN 3 FEET FROM THE WATER HEATER, THEN THIS SPACE SHALL INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: a. A DEDICATED 240-VOLT BRANCH CIRCUIT SHALL BE INSTALLED WITHIN 3 FEET FROM THE DESIGNATED SPACE. THE BRANCH CIRCUIT SHALL BE RATED AT 30 AMPS MINIMUM. THE BLANK COVER SHALL BE IDENTIFIED AS "240V READY"; AND
- b. THE MAIN ELECTRICAL SERVICE PANEL SHALL HAVE A RESERVED SPACE TO ALLOW FOR THE INSTALLATION OF A DOUBLE POLE CIRCUIT BREAKER FOR A FUTURE HPWH INSTALLATION. THE RESERVED SPACE SHALL BE PERMANENTLY MARKED AS 'FOR FUTURE 240V USE'; AND
- c. EITHER A DEDICATED COLD-WATER SUPPLY, OR THE COLD-WATER SUPPLY SHALL PASS THROUGH THE DESIGNATED HPWH LOCATION JUST BEFORE REACHING THE GAS OR PROPANE WATER HEATER; AND
- d. THE HOT WATER SUPPLY PIPE COMING OUT OF THE GAS OR PROPANE WATER HEATER SHALL BE ROUTED FIRST THROUGH THE DESIGNATED HPWH LOCATION BEFORE SERVING ANY FIXTURES; AND e. THE HOT AND COLD-WATER PIPING AT THE DESIGNATED HPWH LOCATION SHALL BE EXPOSED AND READILY ACCESSIBLE FOR
- FUTURE INSTALLATION OF AN HPWH; AND f. A CONDENSATE DRAIN THAT IS NO MORE THAN 2 INCHES HIGHER

GAS or PROPANE FURNACE NOTES

SYSTEMS USING GAS OR PROPANE FURNACE TO SERVE INDIVIDUAL DWELLING UNITS SHALL INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:

- 1. A DEDICATED 240-VOLT BRANCH CIRCUIT WIRING SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CALIFORNIA ELECTRICAL CODE.
- 2. THE MAIN ELECTRICAL SERVICE PANEL SHALL HAVE A RESERVED SPACE TO ALLOW FOR THE INSTALLATION OF A DOUBLE POLE CIRCUIT BREAKER FOR A FUTURE HEAT PUMP SPACE HEATER INSTALLATION. THE RESERVED SPACE SHALL BE PERMANENTLY MARKED AS 'FOR FUTURE 240V USE.'

GAS or PROPANE COOKTOPS NOTES

SYSTEMS USING GAS OR PROPANE COOKTOP TO SERVE INDIVIDUAL

- 1. A DEDICATED 240-VOLT BRANCH CIRCUIT WIRING SHALL BE INSTALLED WITHIN 3 FEET FROM THE COOKTOP AND ACCESSIBLE TO THE COOKTOP WITH NO OBSTRUCTIONS. THE BRANCH CIRCUIT CONDUCTORS SHALL BE RATED AT 50 AMPS MINIMUM. THE BLANK COVER SHALL BE IDENTIFIED AS '240V READY.' ALL ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CALIFORNIA ELECTRICAL CODE.
- TO ALLOW FOR THE INSTALLATION OF A DOUBLE POLE CIRCUIT BREAKER FOR A FUTURE ELECTRIC COOKTOP INSTALLATION. THE RESERVED SPACE SHALL BE PERMANENTLY MARKED AS 'FOR FUTURE 240V USE.'"

INDIVIDUAL DWELLING UNITS SHALL INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:

- 1. A DEDICATED 240-VOLT BRANCH CIRCUIT WIRING SHALL BE INSTALLED WITHIN 3 FEET FROM THE CLOTHES DRYER LOCATION AND ACCESSIBLE TO THE CLOTHES DRYER LOCATION WITH NO OBSTRUCTIONS. THE BRANCH CIRCUIT CONDUCTORS SHALL BE RATED AT 30 AMPS MINIMUM. THE BLANK COVER SHALL BE IDENTIFIED AS '240V READY.' ALL ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CALIFORNIA ELECTRICAL CODE.
- 2. THE MAIN ELECTRICAL SERVICE PANEL SHALL HAVE A RESERVED SPACE TO ALLOW FOR THE INSTALLATION OF A DOUBLE POLE CIRCUIT BREAKER FOR A FUTURE ELECTRIC CLOTHES DRYER INSTALLATION. THE RESERVED SPACE SHALL BE PERMANENTLY MARKED AS 'FOR FUTURE 240V USE.'

UTILITY PLAN NOTES

- 1. SMOKE DETECTORS TO BE INTERCONNECTED PER CRC R314.4 AND HARD-WIRED WITH BATTERY BACK-UP PER CRC R314.6
- 2. CARBON MONOXIDE ALARMS TO BE INTERCONNECTED PER CRC R315.7 AND HARD-WIRED WITH BATTERY BACK-UP PER CRC R315.5
- 3. 4" Ø DRYER VENT WITH MAXIMUM 14 FOOT COMBINED HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL LENGTH WITH TWO 90 DEGREE ELBOWS.
- 4. A MECHANICAL EXHAUST VENTILATION SYSTEM, SUPPLY VENTILATION SYSTEM, OR COMBINATION THEREOF SHALL BE INSTALLED FOR EACH DWELLING UNIT TO PROVIDE WHOLE-BUILDING VENTILATION WITH OUTDOOR AIR IN COMPLIANCE WITH ASHRAE STANDARD 62.2 AS ADOPTED BY THE CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION.
- AN INTERMITTENTLY OR CONTINUOUSLY OPERATING LOCAL MECHANICAL EXHAUST VENTILATION SYSTEM SHALL BE INSTALLED IN EACH BATHROOM WITH A BATHTUB, SHOWER, OR SIMILAR MOISTURE SOURCE AND IN EACH KITCHEN IN COMPLIANCE WITH ASHRAE STANDARD 62.2 AS ADOPTED BY THE CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION. INTERMITTENT LOCAL EXHAUST VENTILATION AIRFLOW RATES SHALL BE 50 CFM IN BATHROOMS AND 100 CFM IN KITCHENS. CONTINUOUS LOCAL EXHAUST VENTILATION AIRFLOW RATES SHALL BE 20 CFM IN BATHROOMS AND 5 AIR CHANGES PER HOUR IN KITCHENS BASED ON KITCHEN VOLUME.
- 6. LOCAL EXHAUST FANS TO EXTERIOR TO PROVIDE MINIMUM 50 CFM INTERMITTENT OR 20 CFM CONTINUOUS VENTILATION.
- 7. WATER HEATER OR FURNACE SHALL BE A DIRECT-VENT APPLIANCE
- 8. LISTED GASKETED SELF-CLOSING DOOR REQUIRED FOR GAS FAU

LIGHTING PLAN NOTES

- ALL LUMINAIRES SHALL BE HIGH-EFFICACY IN ACCORDANCE WITH CBEES TABLE 150.0-A
- 2. ALL LED LUMINAIRES AND LAMPS SHALL BE MARKED "JA8" AND LISTED IN THE CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION DATABASE AT: HTTPS://CACERTAPPLIANCES.ENERGY.CA.GOV/PAGES/APPLIANCESEARCH.ASPX
- 3. ALL RECESSED DOWNLIGHT AND ENCLOSED LUMINAIRES SHALL BE MARKED "JA8-E" AND LISTED IN THE CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION DATABASE AT:
- HTTPS://CACERTAPPLIANCES.ENERGY.CA.GOV/PAGES/APPLIANCESEARCH.ASPX 4. RECESSED DOWNLIGHT LUMINAIRES IN CEILINGS SHALL NOT BE SCREW-BASED
- 5. BATHROOMS, GARAGES, LAUNDRY ROOMS, AND UTILITY ROOMS: AT LEAST ONE LUMINAIRE IN EACH SPACE SHALL BE CONTROLLED BY A VACANCY SENSOR
- ALL LUMINAIRES REQUIRING "JA8" OR "JA8-E" MARKING SHALL BE CONTROLLED BY A DIMMER OR VACANCY SENSOR EXCEPTION: CLOSETS LESS THAN 70 S.F. & HALLWAYS
- OUTDOOR LIGHTING PERMANENTLY MOUNTED TO BUILDINGS SHALL BE CONTROLLED BY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:
- PHOTOCONTROL AND MOTION SENSOR - PHOTOCONTROL AND AUTOMATIC TIME-SWITCH CONTROL
- ASTRONOMICAL TIME CLOCK - ENERGY MANAGEMENT CONTROL SYSTEM PER CBEES 150.0(K)3AIIIC

ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEMS (ESS) NOTES

- 1. AT LEAST ONE OF THE FOLLOWING SHALL BE PROVIDED: a. ESS READY INTERCONNECTION EQUIPMENT WITH A MINIMUM BACKED-UP CAPACITY OF 60 AMPS AND A MINIMUM OF FOUR
- ESS-SUPPLIED BRANCH CIRCUITS, OR b. A DEDICATED RACEWAY FROM THE MAIN SERVICE TO A PANELBOARD (SUBPANEL) THAT SUPPLIES THE BRANCH CIRCUITS IN SECTION 150.0(S)(2). ALL BRANCH CIRCUITS ARE PERMITTED TO BE SUPPLIED BY THE MAIN SERVICE PANEL PRIOR TO THE INSTALLATION OF AN ESS. THE TRADE SIZE OF THE RACEWAY SHALL BE NOT LESS THAN ONE INCH. THE PANELBOARD THAT SUPPLIES THE BRANCH CIRCUITS (SUBPANEL) MUST BE LABELED "SUBPANEL SHALL INCLUDE ALL BACKED-UP LOAD CIRCUITS."
- 2. A MINIMUM OF FOUR BRANCH CIRCUITS SHALL BE IDENTIFIED AND HAVE THEIR SOURCE OF SUPPLY COLLOCATED AT A SINGLE PANELBOARD SUITABLE TO BE SUPPLIED BY THE ESS. AT LEAST ONE CIRCUIT SHALL SUPPLY THE REFRIGERATOR. ONE LIGHTING CIRCUIT SHALL BE LOCATED NEAR THE PRIMARY EGRESS, AND AT LEAST ONE CIRCUIT SHALL SUPPLY A SLEEPING ROOM RECEPTACLE OUTLET.
- THE MAIN PANELBOARD SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM BUSBAR RATING OF 225 AMPS.
- 4. SUFFICIENT SPACE SHALL BE RESERVED TO ALLOW FUTURE INSTALLATION OF A SYSTEM ISOLATION EQUIPMENT/TRANSFER SWITCH WITHIN 3 FEET OF THE MAIN PANELBOARD. RACEWAYS SHALL BE INSTALLED BETWEEN THE PANELBOARD AND THE SYSTEM ISOLATION EQUIPMENT/TRANSFER SWITCH LOCATION TO ALLOW THE CONNECTION OF BACKUP POWER SOURCE.

THE USER AGREES TO RELEASE THE COUNTY OF MS, LIABILITIES, SUITS, AND DEMANDS ON ACCOUNTY OF PERSONS OR PROPERTY, INCLUDING INJURY OF SING OUT OF THE USE OF THESE CONSTRUCTION ANS DOES NOT ELIMINATE OR REDUCE THE USER'S ALL INFORMATION. SAN SAN OF DOC

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Sheet Number

a. A DEDICATED 125-VOLT, 20-AMP ELECTRICAL RECEPTACLE THAT IS CONNECTED TO THE ELECTRIC PANEL WITH A 120/240-VOLT 3 CONDUCTOR, 10 AWG COPPER BRANCH CIRCUIT, WITHIN 3 FEET FROM THE WATER HEATER AND ACCESSIBLE TO THE WATER HEATER WITH NO OBSTRUCTIONS; AND

BRANCH CIRCUIT IN A ABOVE AND LABELED WITH THE WORDS

'FUTURE 240V USE' NATURAL DRAINING WITHOUT PUMP ASSISTANCE.

- THAN THE BASE OF THE INSTALLED WATER HEATER AND ALLOWS NATURAL DRAINING WITHOUT PUMP ASSISTANCE.

- WITHIN 3 FEET FROM THE FURNACE AND ACCESSIBLE TO THE FURNACE WITH NO OBSTRUCTIONS. THE BRANCH CIRCUIT CONDUCTORS SHALL BE RATED AT 30 AMPS MINIMUM. THE BLANK COVER SHALL BE IDENTIFIED AS '240V READY.' ALL ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS SHALL BE INSTALLED

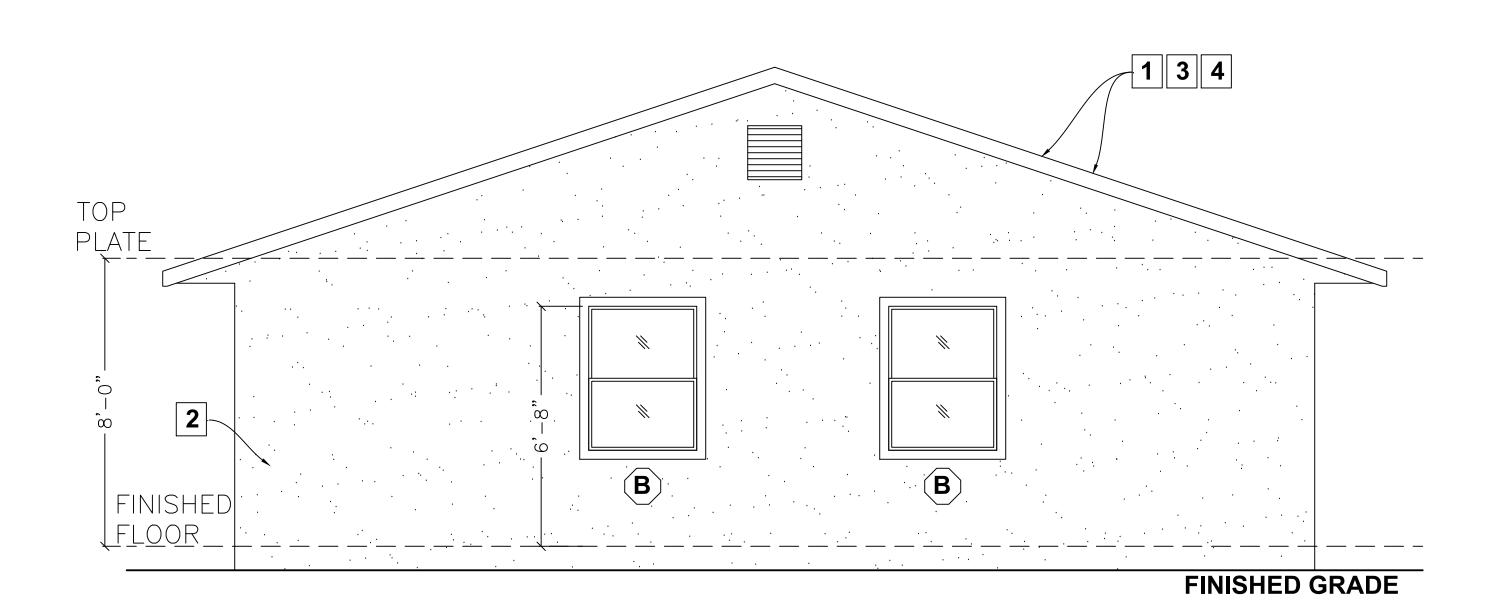
DWELLING UNITS SHALL INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:

- 2. THE MAIN ELECTRICAL SERVICE PANEL SHALL HAVE A RESERVED SPACE

GAS or PROPANE CLOTHES DRYERS NOTES

CLOTHES DRYER LOCATIONS WITH GAS OR PROPANE PLUMBING TO SERVE

FRONT



BACK

ELEVATIONS 3/8" = 1'-0"

ELEVATION KEY NOTES

1. ROOF: CLASS 'A' FIRE RATING MANUFACTURER / MODEL: ______ UNDERLAYMENT: ____ LISTING REPORT #: ______ 2. EXTERIOR WALL FINISH: ______ (SEE NOTE 7 BELOW) 3. ROOF PITCH: ______ 4. RADIANT BARRIER IS REQUIRED YES

NO

WILDFIRE ZONE PLAN NOTES

- 1. IN ROOF COVERINGS WHERE THE PROFILE CREATES SPACE BETWEEN THE ROOF COVERING AND COMBUSTIBLE ROOF DECKING, SPECIFY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING MEANS OF PROTECTING SPACES AT EAVES ENDS: a. FIRE-STOPPING WITH APPROVED MATERIALS
- b. ONE LAYER OF 72 POUND (32.4 KG) MINERAL-SURFACED NON-PERFORATED CAP SHEET COMPLYING WITH ASTM D 3909 INSTALLED OVER THE COMBUSTIBLE DECKING c. OTHERWISE CONSTRUCTED TO PREVENT INTRUSION OF FLAMES AND
- 2. EXPOSED VALLEY FLASHINGS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED WITH NOT LESS THAN 0.019-INCH (NO. 26 GALVANIZED SHEET GAGE) CORROSION-RESISTANT METAL INSTALLED OVER A MINIMUM 36-INCH-WIDE UNDERLAYMENT CONSISTING OF ONE LAYER OF NO. 72 ASTM CAP SHEET RUNNING THE FULL LENGTH OF THE VALLEY.
- 3. ANY ROOF GUTTERS SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH MEANS TO PREVENT ACCUMULATION OF LEAVES AND DEBRIS.
- 4. SKYLIGHTS SHALL BE TEMPERED GLASS.
- 5. ALL VENTS (ROOF, FOUNDATION, COMBUSTION-AIR, ETC) SHALL RESIST THE INTRUSION OF FLAMES AND EMBERS
- 6. VENTILATION OPENINGS FOR ENCLOSED ATTICS, EAVE SOFFIT SPACES, ENCLOSED RAFTER SPACES FORMED WHERE CEILINGS ARE APPLIED DIRECTLY TO THE UNDERSIDE OF ROOF RAFTERS, UNDERFLOOR VENTILATION OPENINGS, AND VENT OPENINGS IN EXTERIOR WALLS AND EXTERIOR DOORS SHALL BE LISTED TO ASTM E 2886 AND COMPLY WITH ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:
- a. THERE SHALL BE NO FLAMING IGNITION OF THE COTTON MATERIAL DURING THE EMBER INTRUSION TEST
- b. THERE SHALL BE NO FLAMING IGNITION DURING THE INTEGRITY TEST PORTION OF THE FLAME INTRUSION TEST c. THE MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE OF THE UNEXPOSED SIDE OF THE VENT SHALL NOT EXCEED 662 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT (350 DEGREES CELSIUS)
- 7. EXTERIOR WALL FINISH SHALL COMPLY WITH ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: a. NON—COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL (STUCCO, CEMENT FIBER BOARD, ETC) - STUCCO AND CEMENT PLASTER USED AS AN EXTERIOR WALL
 - COVERING SHALL BE $\frac{7}{8}$ -INCH THICK - NONCOMBUSTIBLE OR FIRE-RETARDANT-TREATED WOOD SHAKE USED AS AN EXTERIOR WALL COVERING SHALL HAVE AN UNDERLAYMENT OF MINIMUM 1/2-INCH FIRE-RATED GYPSUM SHEATHING THAT IS TIGHTLY BUTTED, OR TAPED AND MUDDED, OR AN UNDERLAYMENT OF OTHER IGNITION-RESISTANT MATERIAL
- b. IGNITION-RESISTANT MATERIAL
- 8. PATIO COVER, CARPORT AND TRELLIS CONSTRUCTION WITH ALL EXPOSED ELEMENTS SHALL COMPLY WITH ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:
 - NON-COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL - 1-HOUR FIRE-RESISTANT-RATED MATERIAL

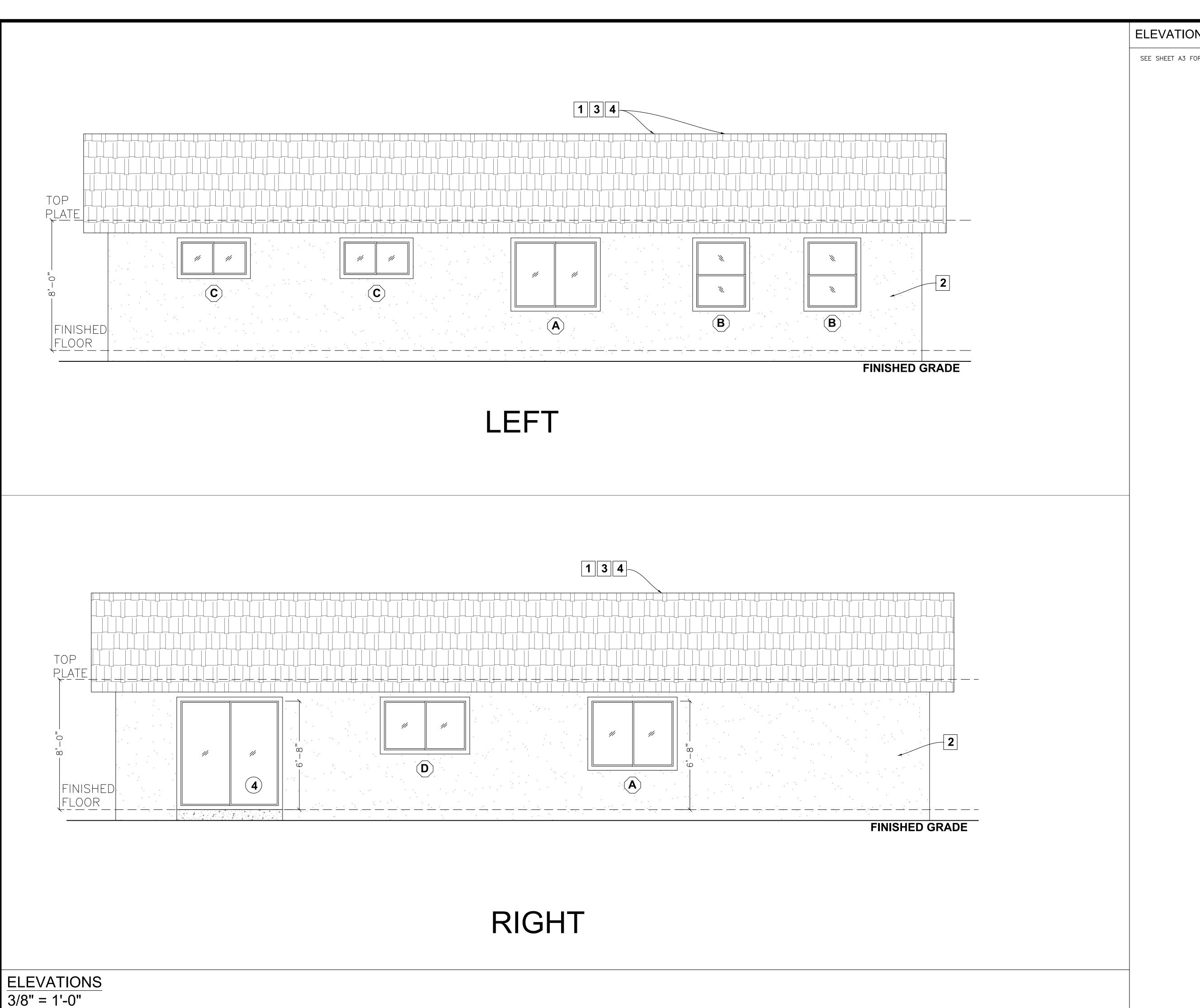
APPROVED BY THE BUILDING OFFICIAL.

- APPROVED EXTERIOR FIRE—RETARDANT TREATED WOOD - MODIFIED HEAVY TIMBER (MIN 2X TONGUE-AND-GROOVE SHEATHING, 4X6 RAFTERS/BEAMS, 6X6 POSTS)
- 9. DECK, BALCONY, AND EXTERIOR STAIR CONSTRUCTION, WITH ALL EXPOSED ELEMENTS SHALL COMPLY WITH THE FOLLOWING: a. FRAMING (ANY OF THE FOLLOWING):
 - NON-COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL
 - 1-HOUR FIRE-RESISTANT-RATED MATERIAL - APPROVED EXTERIOR FIRE-RETARDANT TREATED WOOD
 - MODIFIED HEAVY TIMBER (MIN 4X8 JOISTS, 4X10 OR 6X8 BEAMS, 6X6 POSTS)
- b. DECKING AND TREAD MATERIAL (ANY OF THE FOLLOWING):
- NON-COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL - 1-HOUR FIRE-RESISTANT-RATED MATERIAL
- APPROVED EXTERIOR FIRE—RETARDANT TREATED WOOD
- APPROVED ALTERNATIVE DECKING MATERIAL MEETING TESTS REQUIREMENTS OF COUNTY BUILDING CODE 92.1.709A.1.4)
- 10. EXTERIOR GARAGE DOORS SHALL RESIST THE INTRUSION OF EMBERS INTO THE GARAGE BY LIMITING THE SIZE OF ANY GAPS AT THE BOTTOM, SIDES, AND TOP OF THE DOOR TO 1/8 INCH OR LESS USING ONE OF THE FOLLOWING METHODS:
- a. WEATHER-STRIPPING PRODUCTS WITH TENSILE STRENGTH AND FLAMMABILITY RATING PER CBC 708A.4 b. DOOR OVERLAPS ONTO JAMBS AND HEADERS
- c. GARAGE DOOR JAMBS AND HEADERS COVERED WITH METAL FLASHING 11. PAPER-FACED INSULATION PROHIBITED IN ATTICS OR OTHER
- VENTILATED SPACES. 12. FENCES OR ANY STRUCTURE WITHIN 5 FEET OF BUILDING SHALL BE
- CONSTRUCTED PER ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: a. NON-COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL
- c. MATERIAL MEETING SAME FIRE-RESISTIVE STANDARDS AS EXTERIOR
- b. APPROVED EXTERIOR FIRE-RETARDANT TREATED WOOD WALLS OF BUILDINGS

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Sheet Number



ELEVATION KEY NOTES

SEE SHEET A3 FOR KEYNOTES

County of San Diego, Planning & Developme SINGLE FAMILY DWELLING (1500 BUILDING DIVISION



Sheet Number

ATTIC VENTILATION

ATTIC VENTILATION REQUIRED (SEE WILDFIRE NOTES 5 & 6 ON SHEET A3)

NET FREE CROSS VENTILATION AREA = $\frac{1}{300}$ VENT AREA REQUIRED = 1500 ft²/300 = 5 ft² x 144 = $\frac{720 \text{ in}^2}{\text{TOTAL VENTILATION AREA PROMIDED}}$

4. INSTALL BETWEEN 40% AND 50% OF THE REQUIRED NET FREE VENT

AREA A MAXIMUM OF 3 FEET BELOW THE RIDGE OR THE HIGHEST

POINT OF THE SPACE (MEASURED VERTICALLY), AND INSTALL THE

BALANCE OF THE REQUIRED VENTILATION IN THE BOTTOM ONE—THIRD

OF THE ATTIC SPACE.

BY USING THESE STANDARD PLANS, THE USER AGREES TO RELEASE THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO FROM ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LIABILITIES, SUITS, AND DEMANDS ON ACCOUNT OF ANY INJURY, DAMAGE, OR LOSS TO PERSONS OR PROPERTY, INCLUDING INJURY OR DEATH, OR ECONOMIC LOSSES, ARISING OUT OF THE USE OF THESE CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS. THE USE OF THESE PARE USED OF THE USE OF THE

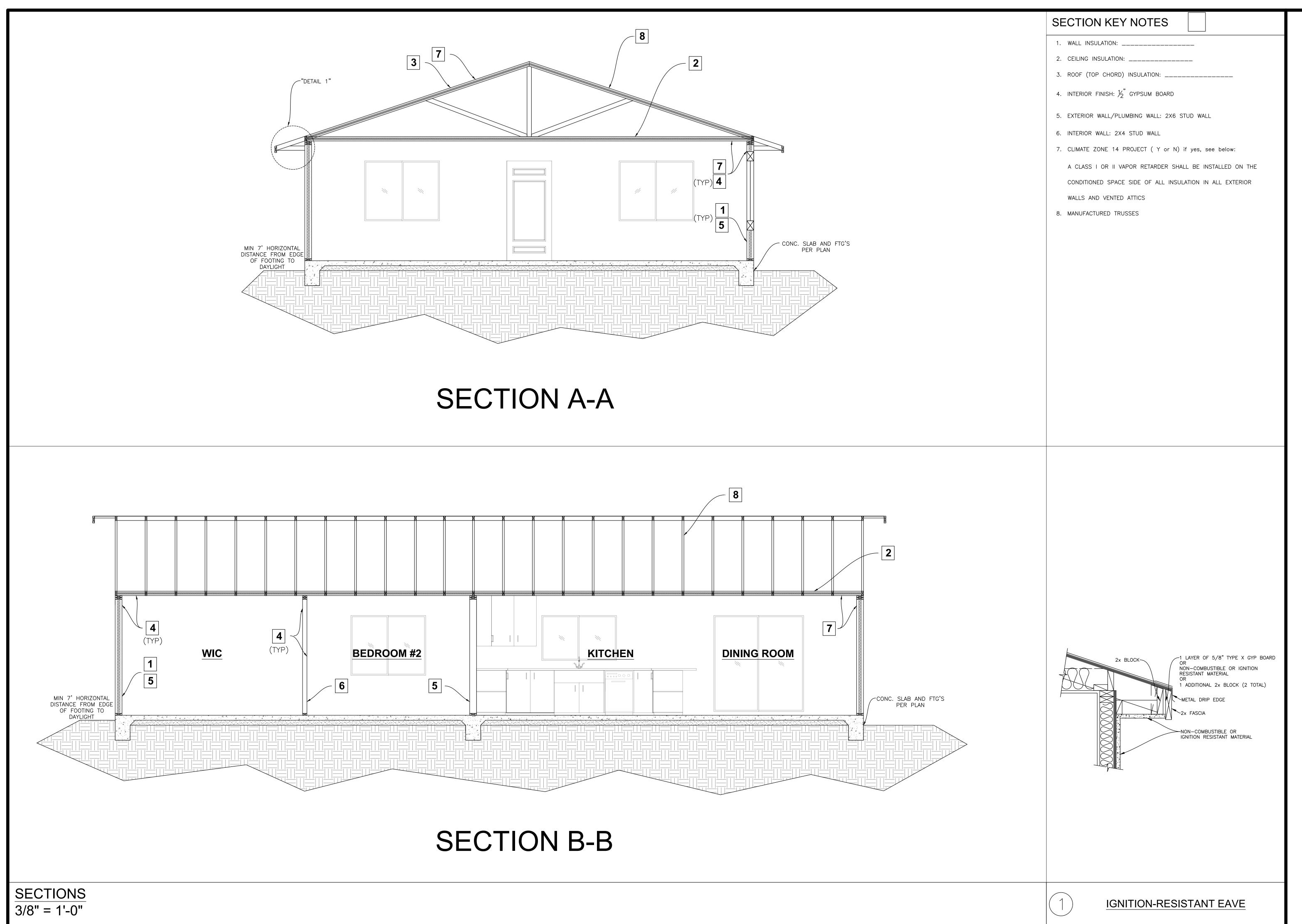
County of San Diego, Planning & Development Servi SINGLE FAMILY DWELLING (1500 SF)

BUILDING DIVISION

Sheet Number

A5

ROOF PLAN / TRUSS LAYOUT 3/16" = 1'-0"



BY USING THESE STANDARD PLANS, THE USER AGREES TO RELEASE THE COUI SAN DIEGO FROM ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LIABILITIES, SUITS, AND DEMANDS ON AC OF ANY INJURY, DAMAGE, OR LOSS TO PERSONS OR PROPERTY, INCLUDING INJU DEATH, OR ECONOMIC LOSSES, ARISING OUT OF THE USE OF THESE CONSTRI

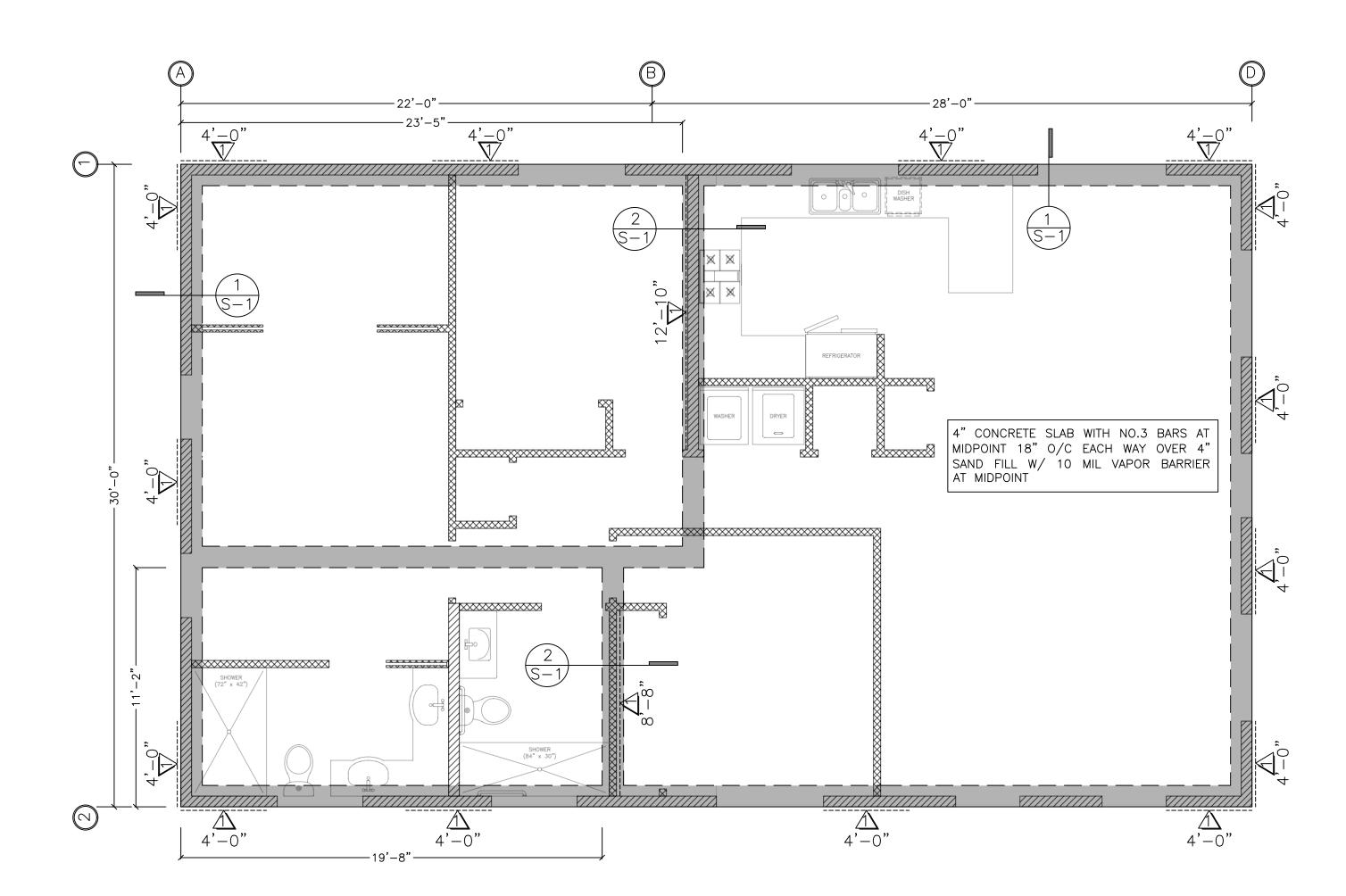
County of San Diego, Planning & Development Services

SINGLE FAMILY DWELLING (1500 SF)

BUILDING DIVISION

Sheet Number

A6



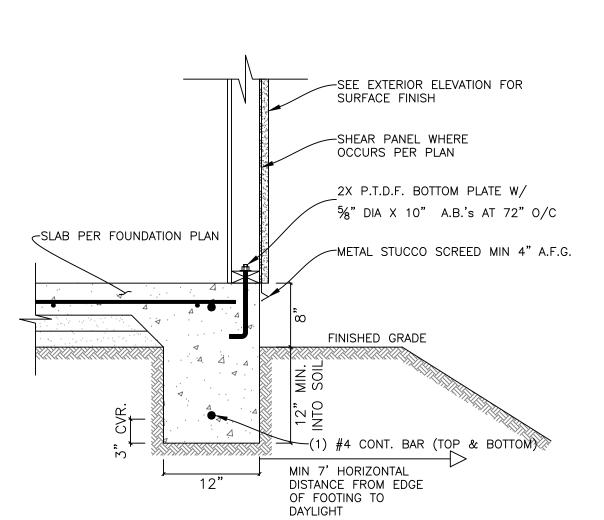
			WOOD STR	RUCTURAL PANI	EL SHEATHING		
MARK	MINIM	um nail	MINIMUM WOOD STRUCTURAL PANEL SPAN	MINIMUM NOMINAL PANEL THICKNESS	MAXIMUM WALL STUD SPACING (in)	PANEL NAIL	SPACING
	SIZE	PENETRATION (in)	RATING	(in)	3100 317(01100 (111)	EDGES (inches O/C)	FIELD (inches O/C)
	6D COMMON	1.5	24:0	3/8"	16	6	12
	8D COMMON	1.75	24:16	7/16"	16	6	12

- WOOD STRUCTURAL PANELS SHALL CONFORM TO DOC PS 1, DOC PS 2 OR ANSI/APA PRP 210, CSA 0437 OR CSA 0325.

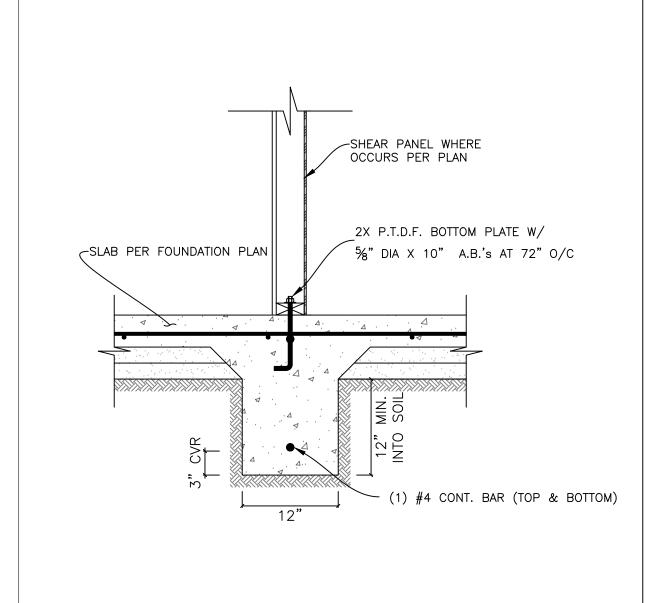
 PANELS SHALL BE IDENTIFIED BY A GRADE MARK OR CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION ISSUED BY AN APPROVED AGENCY.
- VERTICAL JOINTS OF PANEL SHEATHING SHALL OCCUR OVER AND BE FASTENED TO COMMON STUDS.
- \bullet HORIZONTAL JOINTS IN BRACED WALL PANELS SHALL OCCUR OVER AND BE FASTENED TO COMMON BLOCKING OF A MINIMUM 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ INCH THICKNESS.

FOUNDATION PLAN

1/4" = 1'-0"



EXTERIOR FOOTING



INTERIOR FOOTING

FOUNDATION PLAN NOTES

- 1. ALL ANCHORS BOLTS SHALL BE 5/8" DIAMETER AND HAVE A MINIMUM EMBEDMENT OF 7 INCHES INTO CONCRETE (UNO) AND NOT SPACED MORE THAN 6 FEET APART
- 2. 3"X3"X0.229" PLATE WASHERS SHALL BE USED ON EACH SILL PLATE ANCHOR BOLT
- 3. FOR STANDARD CUT WASHERS PLACED BETWEEN PLATE WASHER AND NUT, HOLE IN PLATE WASHER MAY BE DIAGONALLY SLOTTED WITH MAXIMUM $\frac{3}{16}$ " LARGER WIDTH THAN BOLT DIAMETER AND MAXIMUM $1-\frac{3}{4}$ " SLOT LENGTH
- . PROVIDE A MINIMUM OF TWO ANCHOR BOLTS PER SILL PLATE WITH ONE BOLT LOCATED MAXIMUM 12" AND MINIMUM 7 BOLT DIAMETERS FROM EACH END OF EACH SECTION.
- 5. BOLTS LOCATED IN THE MIDDLE THIRD OF THE SILL PLATE WIDTH
- 6. FASTENERS FOR PRESSURE-PRESERVATIVE TREATED AND FIRE RETARDANT TREATED WOOD SHALL BE HOT-DIPPED ZINC COATED GALVANIZED, STAINLESS STEEL OR COPPER
- . NO LPG PIPING ASSEMBLIES ALLOWED IN OR BENEATH SLABS WITHIN THE STRUCTURE

BY USING THESE STANDARD PLANS, THE USER AGREES TO RELEASE THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO FROM ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LIABILITIES, SUITS, AND DEMANDS ON ACCOUNT OF ANY INJURY, DAMAGE, OR LOSS TO PERSONS OR PROPERTY, INCLUDING INJURY OR DEATH, OR ECONOMIC LOSSES, ARISING OUT OF THE USE OF THESE CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS. THE USE OF THESE PLANS DOES NOT ELIMINATE OR REDUCE THE USER'S

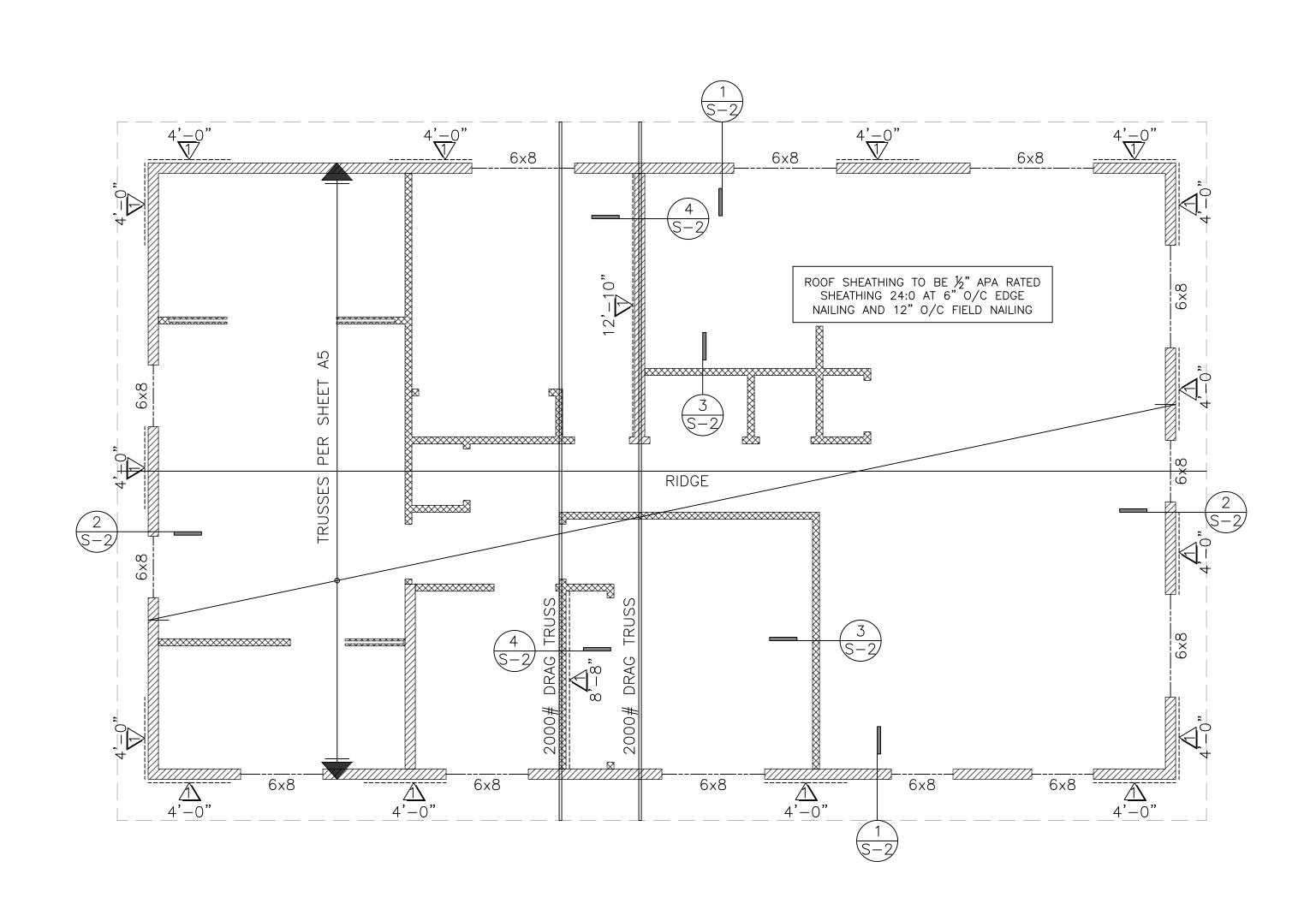
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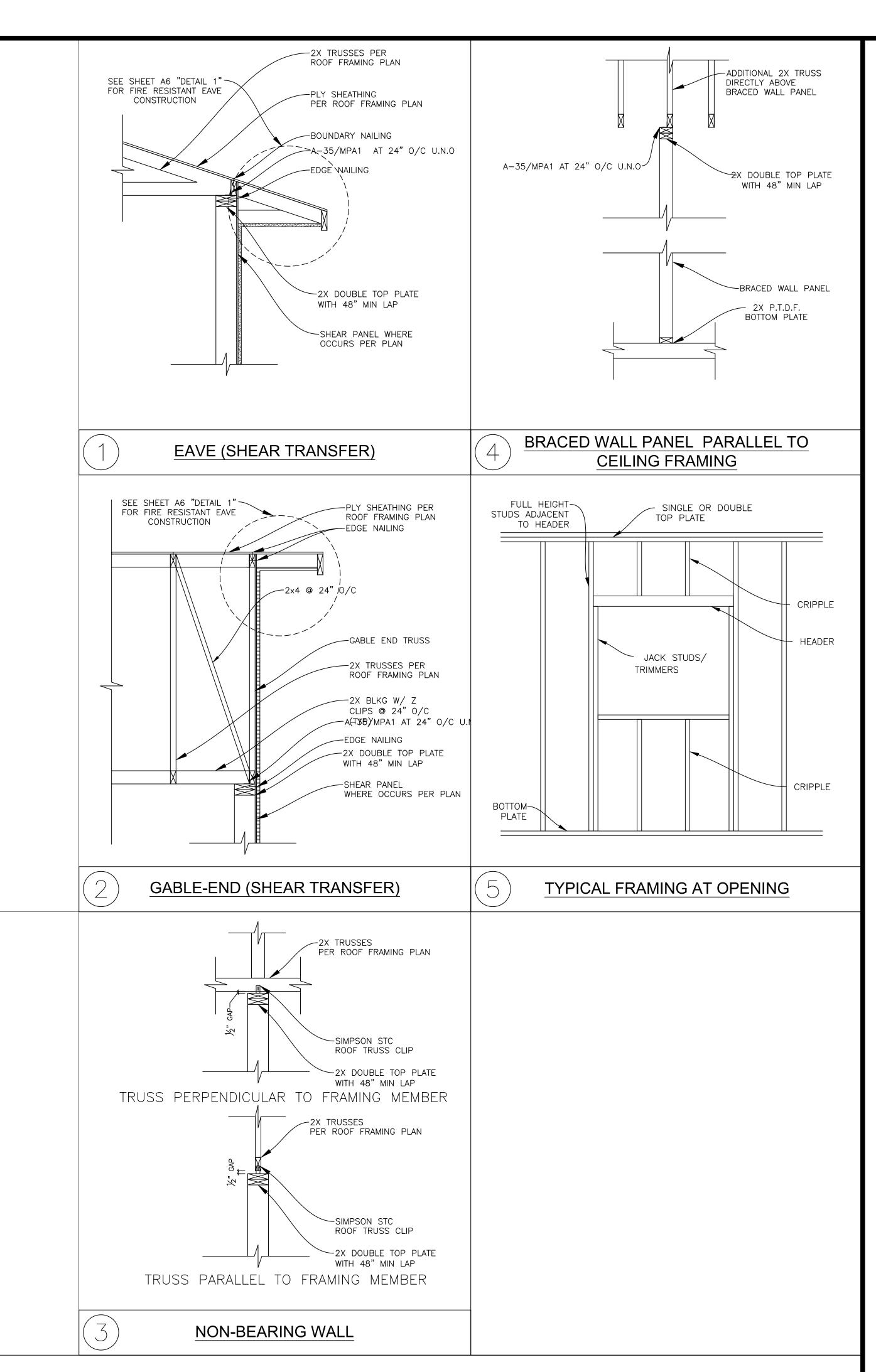
S1



	WOOD STRUCTURAL PANEL SHEATHING									
MARK	MINIMUM NAIL		MINIMUM WOOD STRUCTURAL PANEL SPAN	MINIMUM NOMINAL PANEL THICKNESS		PANEL NAIL SPACING				
	SIZE	PENETRATION (in)	RATING	(in)	3100 317(01110 (111)	EDGES (inches O/C)	FIELD (inches O/C)			
	6D COMMON	1.5	24:0	3/8"	16	6	12			
	8D COMMON	1.75	24:16	7/16"	16	6	12			

- WOOD STRUCTURAL PANELS SHALL CONFORM TO DOC PS 1, DOC PS 2 OR ANSI/APA PRP 210, CSA 0437 OR CSA 0325.

 PANELS SHALL BE IDENTIFIED BY A GRADE MARK OR CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION ISSUED BY AN APPROVED AGENCY.
- VERTICAL JOINTS OF PANEL SHEATHING SHALL OCCUR OVER AND BE FASTENED TO COMMON STUDS.
- HORIZONTAL JOINTS IN BRACED WALL PANELS SHALL OCCUR OVER AND BE FASTENED TO COMMON BLOCKING OF A MINIMUM 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ INCH THICKNESS.



$\frac{\text{ROOF FRAMING PLAN}}{1/4" = 1'-0"}$

PDS ### (REV. 08/20/2025)

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Sheet Number

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Planning & Developme DWELLING (1500

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County of S SINGLE F BUILDING

- County of San Diego amendment 2022 California Building Code (CBC) and/or California Residential Code (CRC)
- 2022 California Green Building Standards Code (CalGreen)
- 2022 California Electrical Code (CEC) 2022 California Mechanical Code (CMC 2022 California Plumbing Code (CPC)
- 2022 California Fire Code (CFC) 2022 California Building Energy Efficiency Standards (CBEES)

B. Electrical, Plumbing, and Mechanical

- **Exterior lighting.** All projects shall comply with the County of San Diego lighting ordinance. GFCI outlets. Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) outlets are required in bathrooms, at kitchen countertops, at laundry and wet bar sinks, in garages, in crawlspaces, in unfinished
- basements, and outdoors. (CEC 210.8) AFCI outlets. Electrical circuits in bedrooms, living rooms, dining rooms, dens, closets, hallways, or similar rooms must be protected by Arc Fault Circuit Interrupters (AFCI). (CEC
- Luminaire requirements. Installed luminaires shall meet the efficacy and fixture requirements
- Smoke detectors in building remodels. Smoke detectors are required in each existing sleeping room, outside each separate sleeping area in the immediate vicinity of sleeping rooms, and on each story of a dwelling including basements. Battery-operated detectors are acceptable in existing areas with no construction taking place and in alterations not resulting in removal of interior wall or ceiling finishes and without access via an attic, crawl space, or basement. (CRC
- Carbon monoxide detectors in building remodels. Carbon monoxide detectors are required outside each separate sleeping area in the immediate vicinity of sleeping rooms and on each story of a dwelling including basements. Battery-operated detectors are acceptable in existing areas with no construction taking place and in alterations not resulting in removal of interior wall

or ceiling finishes and without access via an attic, crawl space, or basement. (CRC R315.3)

- Water heater seismic strapping. Minimum two 3/4-inch-by-24-gauge straps required around water heaters, with 1/4-inch-by-3-inch lag bolts attached directly to framing. Straps shall be at points within upper third and lower third of water heater vertical dimension. Lower connection shall occur minimum 4 inches above controls. (CPC 507.2)
- Gas appliances in garages. Water heaters and heating/cooling equipment capable of igniting flammable vapors shall be placed on minimum 18-inch-high platform unless listing report number provided showing ignition-resistant appliance. (CPC 507.13 and CMC 305.1)
- Impact protection of appliances. Water heaters and heating/cooling equipment subject to vehicular impact shall be protected by bollards or an equivalent measure. (CPC 507.13.1 and
- Water closet clearance. Minimum 30-inch-wide by 24-inch-deep clearance required at front of water closets. (CPC 402.5) Shower size. Shower compartments shall have minimum area of 1024 square inches and be
- able to encompass a 30-inch-diameter circle. Shower doors shall have a minimum 22-inch unobstructed width. (CPC 408.5 and CPC 408.6)
- Fireplace appliances. Fireplaces with gas appliances are required to have the flue damper permanently fixed in the open position and fireplaces with LPG appliances are to have no 'pit' or 'sump' configurations. (CMC 303.7.1)
- Chimney clearance. Minimum 2-foot chimney clearance required above building within 10-foot horizontally of chimney. The chimney shall extend minimum 3 feet above highest point where

Mechanical Ventilation and Indoor Air Quality (ASHRAE 62.2-2010)

chimney passes through roof. (CRC R1003.9)

- Transfer air. Ventilation air shall be provided directly from the outdoors and not as transfer air from adjacent dwelling units or other spaces, such as garages, unconditioned crawlspaces, or unconditioned attics. (CBEES 150.0(o)) Instructions and labeling. Ventilation system controls shall be labeled, and the homeowner
- shall be provided with instructions on how to operate the system. (CBEES 150.0(o)) Combustion and solid-fuel burning appliances. Combustion appliances shall be properly
- vented and air systems shall be designed to prevent back drafting. (CBEES 150.0(o)) Garages. The wall and openings between occupiable spaces and the garage shall be sealed.
- HVAC systems that include air handlers or return ducts located in garages shall have total air leakage of no more than 6% of total fan flow when measured at 0.1 in, w.c. using California Title 24 or equivalents. (CBEES 150.0(o))
- Minimum filtration. Mechanical systems supplying air to occupiable space through ductwork shall be provided with a filter having a minimum efficiency of MERV 6 or better. (CBEES
- Air inlets. Air inlets (not exhaust) shall be located away from known contaminants. (CBEES Air moving equipment. Air moving equipment used to meet either the whole-building ventilation
- requirement or the local ventilation exhaust requirement shall be rated in terms of airflow and sound. (CBEES 150.0(o))
- . All continuously operating fans shall be rated at a maximum of 1.0 sone. **b.** Intermittently operated whole-building ventilation fans shall be rated at a maximum of 1.0 sone.
- c. Intermittently operated local exhaust fans shall be rated at maximum of 3.0 sone.
- d. Remotely located air-moving equipment (mounted outside of habitable spaces) need not meet sound requirements if at least 4 feet of ductwork between fan and intake grill.

Foundation and Underfloor

- Foundation reinforcement. Continuous footings and stem walls shall be provided with a minimum two longitudinal No. 4 bars, one at the top and one at the bottom of the footing. (CRC Shear wall foundation support. Shear walls shall be supported by continuous foundations.
- Concrete slabs-on-grade. Slabs-on-grade shall be minimum 3-1/2-inches thick. (CRC R506.1) Vapor retarder. A 10-mil polyethylene or approved vapor retarder with joints lapped minimum
- 6 inches shall be placed between a concrete slab-on-grade and the base course or subgrade. Anchor bolts and sills. Foundation plates or sills shall be bolted or anchored to the foundation or foundation wall per the following (CRC R403.1.6 and CRC R602.11.1):
- a. Minimum 1/2-inch-diameter steel bolts
- **b.** Bolts embedded at least 7 inches into concrete or masonry
- Bolts spaced maximum 6 feet on center d. Minimum two bolts per plate/sill piece with one bolt located maximum 12 inches and minimum 7
- bolt diameters from each end of each sill plate/piece e. Minimum 3-inch by 3-inch by 0.299-inch steel plate washer between sill and nut on each bolt
- 6. Hold-downs. All hold-downs must be tied in place prior to foundation inspection.
- Protection of wood against decay. Naturally durable or preservative-treated wood shall be provided in the following locations (CRC R317.1): a. All wood in contact with ground, embedded in concrete in direct contact with ground, or
- embedded in concrete exposed to weather
- **b.** Wood joists within 18 inches and wood girders within 12 inches of the exposed ground in crawl spaces shall be of naturally durable or preservative-treated wood Wood framing members that rest on concrete or masonry exterior foundation walls and are less
- than 8 inches from exposed earth shall be of naturally durable or preservative-treated wood . Wood framing, sheathing, and siding on the exterior of the building and having clearance less than 6 inches from the exposed ground or less than 2 inches vertically from concrete steps,
- e. Sills and sleepers on concrete or masonry slab in direct contact with ground unless separated

porch slabs, patio slabs, and similar horizontal surface exposed to weather

from such slab by impervious moisture barrier Ends of wood girders entering masonry or concrete walls with clearances less than 1/2 inch on tops, sides, and ends

. Wood structural members supporting moisture-permeable floors or roofs exposed to weather,

- such as concrete or masonry slabs, unless separated from such floors or roofs by an impervious moisture barrier h. Wood furring strips or other wood framing members attached directly to interior of exterior concrete or masonry walls below grade except where vapor retarder applied between wall and
- furring strips or framing members Underfloor ventilation. Underfloor areas shall have ventilation openings through foundation walls or exterior walls, with minimum net area of ventilation openings of 1 square foot for each 150 square feet of underfloor area. On such ventilating opening shall be within 3 feet of each
- corner of the building. (CRC R408.1) Underfloor access. Underfloor areas shall be provided with a minimum 18-inch by 24-inch access opening. (CRC R408.4)

. Wood Framing

PDS081 (REV.01/01/2023)

- Fastener requirements. The number, size, and spacing of fasteners connecting wood members/elements shall not be less than that set forth in CRC Table R602.3(1). (CRC R502.9, CRC R602.3, and CRC R802.2)
- **Stud size, height, and spacing.** The size, height, and spacing of studs shall be in accordance with CRC Table R602.3(5). (CRC R602.3.1)

E. Wood Framing (Continued)

- 3. Sill plate. Studs shall have full bearing on nominal 2-inch thick or larger sill plate with width at 38. Framing of roof/ceiling openings. Openings in roof and ceiling framing shall be framed with a least equal to stud width. (CRC R602.3.4)
- 4. Bearing studs. Where joists, trusses, or rafters are spaced more than 16 inches on center and the bearing studs below are spaced 24 inches on center, such members shall bear within 5 nches of the studs beneath. (CRC R602.3.3)
- 5. **Drilling and notching of studs.** Any stud in an exterior wall or bearing partition may be cut or notched to a depth not exceeding 25% of its width. Studs in nonbearing partitions may be notched to a depth not to exceed 40% of a single stud width. Any stud may be bored or drilled, provided the diameter of the resulting hole is no more than 60% of the stud width, the edge of the hole is no more than 5/8 inch to the edge of the stud, and the hole is not located in the same section as a cut or notch. Studs located in exterior wall or bearing partitions drilled over 40% and up to 60% shall also be doubled with no more than two successive studs bored. (CRC
- Top plate. Wood stud walls shall be capped with a double top plate installed to provide overlapping at corners and at intersections with other partitions. End joints in double top plates shall be offset at least 24 inches. Joints in plates need not occur over studs. Plates shall be minimum nominal 2 inches thick and have width at least equal to width of studs. (CRC R602.3.2)
- Top plate splices. Top plate lap splices shall be face-nailed with minimum 8 16d nails on each side of splice. (CRC R602.10.8.1)
- **Drilling and notching of top plate.** When piping or ductwork is placed in or partly in an exterior wall or interior load-bearing wall, necessitating cutting, drilling, or notching of the top plate by more than 50% of its width, a galvanized metal tie not less than 0.054-inch thick and 1-1/2inches wide shall be fastened across and to the plate at each side of the opening with not less than 8 10d nails having a minimum length of 1-1/2 inches at each side or equivalent. The metal tie must extend minimum 6 inches past the opening. (CRC R602.6.1)
- Cripple walls. Foundation cripple walls shall be framed of studs not less in size than the studding above. Cripple walls more than 4 feet in height shall have studs sized as required for an additional story. Cripple walls with stud height less than 14 inches shall be sheathed on at least one side with a wood structural panel fastened to both the top and bottom plates in accordance with Table R602.3(1), or the cripple walls shall be constructed of solid blocking. Cripple walls shall be supported on continuous foundations. (CRC R602.9)
- 10. Wall bracing. Buildings shall be braced in accordance with the methods allowed per CRC R602.10.2, CRC R602.10.4, and/or CRC R602.10.5. . Braced wall line spacing. Spacing between braced wall lines shall not exceed 20 feet or
- alternate provisions of CRC R602.10.1.3. 12. Shear wall cumulative length. The cumulative length of shear walls within each braced wall line shall meet the provisions of CRC Table R602.10.3(1) for wind loads and CRC Table
- R602.10.3(2) for seismic loads. (CRC R602.10.1.1) 13. Shear wall spacing. Shear walls shall be located not more than 25 feet on center. (CRC
- R602.10.2.2) 4. Shear wall offset. Shear walls may be offset out-of-plan not more than 4 feet from the designated braced wall line and not more than 8 feet from any other offset wall considered part of the same braced wall line. (CRC R602.10.1.2)
- 15. Shear wall location. Shear walls shall be located at the ends of each braced wall line or meet the alternate provisions of CRC R602.10.2.2.
- 16. Individual shear wall length. Shear walls shall meet minimum length requirements of CRC
- 17. Cripple wall bracing. Cripple walls shall be braced per CRC R602.10.11.
- 18. Shear wall and diaphragm nailing. All shear walls, roof diaphragms, and floor diaphragms
- shall be nailed to supporting construction per CRC Table R602.3(1). (CRC R604.3) 19. Shear wall joints. All vertical joints in shear wall sheathing shall occur over, and be fastened to, common studs. Horizontal joints in shear walls shall occur over, and be fastened to, minimum
- 1-1/2-inch-thick blocking. (CRC R602.10.10) 20. Framing over openings. Headers, double joists, or trusses of adequate size to transfer loads to vertical members shall be provided over window and door openings in load-bearing walls and
- partitions. (CBC 2304.3.2) 21. Joists under bearing partitions. Joists under parallel bearing partitions shall be of adequate size to support the load. Double joists, sized to adequately support the load, that are separated to permit the installation of piping or vents shall be full-depth solid-blocked with minimum 2-inch nominal lumber spaced at maximum 4 feet on center. Bearing partitions perpendicular to joists

shall not be offset from supporting girders, walls, or partitions more than the joist depth unless

- such joists are of sufficient size to carry the additional load. (CRC R502.4) 22. Joists above or below shear walls. Where joists are perpendicular to a shear wall above or below, a rim joist, band joist, or blocking shall be provided along the entire length of the shear wall. Where joists are parallel to a shear wall above or below, a rim joist, end joist, or other parallel framing shall be provided directly above and/or below the shear wall. Where a parallel raming member cannot be located directly above and/or below the shear wall, full-depth blocking at 16-inch spacing shall be provided between the parallel framing members to each side of the shear wall. (CRC R602.10.8)
- . Floor member bearing. The ends of each floor joist, beam, or girder shall have minimum 1-1/2 inches of bearing on wood or metal and minimum 3 inches of bearing on masonry or concrete except where supported on a 1-inch-by-4-inch ribbon strip and nailed to the adjoining stud or by the use of approved joist hangers. (CRC R502.6) 24. Floor joist lap. Floor joists framing opposite sides over a bearing support shall lap minimum 3
- with strength equal to or greater than that provided by the lap is permitted. (CRC R502.6.1) 25. Floor joist-to-girder support. Floor joists framing into the side of a wood girder shall be
- supported by approved framing anchors or on ledger strips minimum nominal 2 inches by 2 26. Floor joist lateral restraint. Floor joists shall be supported laterally at ends and each intermediate support by minimum 2-inch full-depth blocking, by attachment to full-depth header, band joist, or rim joist, to an adjoining stud, or shall be otherwise provided with lateral support to prevent rotation. (CRC R502.7)
- 27. Floor joist bridging. Floor joists exceeding nominal 2 inches by 12 inches shall be supported laterally by solid blocking, diagonal bridging (wood or metal), or a continuous 1-inch-by-3-inch strip nailed across the bottom of joists perpendicular to joists at maximum 8-foot intervals. (CRC
- 28. Framing of floor openings. Openings in floor framing shall be framed with a header and trimmer joists. When the header joist span does not exceed 4 feet, the header joist may be a single member the same size as the floor joist. Single trimmer joists may be used to carry a single header joist located within 3 feet of the trimmer joist bearing. When the header joist span exceeds 4 feet, the trimmer joists and header joist shall be doubled and of sufficient cross section to support the floor joists framing into the header. Approved hangers shall be used for the header-joist-to-trimmer-joist connections when the header joist span exceeds 6 feet. Tail joists over 12 feet long shall be supported at the header by framing anchors or on ledger strips minimum 2 inches by 2 inches. (CRC R502.10)
- 29. Girders. Girders for single-story construction or girders supporting loads from a single floor shall not be less than 4 inches by 6 inches for spans 6 feet or less, provided that girders are spaced not more than 8 feet on center. Other girders shall be designed to support the loads specified in the CBC. Girder end joints shall occur over supports. When a girder is spliced over a support, an adequate tie shall be provided. The ends of beams or girders supported on masonry or concrete shall not have less than 3 inches of bearing. (CBC 2308.7)
- **). Ridges, hips, and vallevs**. Rafters shall be framed to a ridge board or to each other with a gusset plate as a tie. Ridge boards shall be minimum 1-inch nominal thickness and not less in lepth than the cut end of the rafter. At all valley and hips, there shall be a valley or hip rafter not less than 2-inch nominal thickness and not less in depth than the cut end of the rafter. Hip and valley rafters shall be supported at the ridge by a brace to a bearing partition or be designed to carry and distribute the specific load at that point. Where the roof pitch is less than 3:12 slope (25% gradient), structural members that support rafters and ceilings joists, such as ridges, hips, and valleys, shall be designed as beams. (CRC R802.3)
- . Ceiling joist and rafter connections. Ceiling joists and rafters shall be nailed to each other per CRC Table R802.5.1(9), and the rafter shall be nailed to the wall top plate per CRC Table R602.3(1). Ceiling joists shall be continuous or securely joined per CRC Table R802.5.1(9) where they meet over interior partitions and are nailed to adjacent rafters to provide a continuous tie across the building when such joists are parallel to rafters. Where ceiling joists are not connected to the rafters at the wall top plate, joists connected higher in the attic shall be installed as rafter ties, or rafter ties shall be installed to provide a continuous tie. Where ceiling joists are not parallel to rafters, rafter ties shall be installed. Rafter ties shall be minimum 2 inches by 4 inches nominal, installed per CRC Table R802.5.1(9), or connections of equivalent capacities shall be provided. Where ceilings joists or rafter ties are not provided, the ridge formed by these rafters shall be supported by a wall or engineer-designed girder. (CRC R802.3.1)
- overbearing partitions or beams and toenailed to the bearing element. Where ceiling joists provide resistance to rafter thrust, lapped joists shall be nailed together per CRC Table R602.3(1) and butted joists shall be tied together in a manner to resist such thrust. (CRC . Collar ties. Collar ties or ridge straps to resist wind uplift shall be connected in the upper third

32. Ceiling joists lapped. Ends of ceiling joists shall be lapped minimum 3 inches or butted

- of the attic space. Collar ties shall be a minimum 1 inch by 4 inches nominal and spaced at maximum 4 feet on center. (CRC R802.3.1)
- 34. Purlins. Purlins installed to reduce the span of rafters shall be sized not less than the required size of the rafters they support. Purlins shall be continuous and shall be supported by 2-inchby-4-inch nominal braces installed to bearing walls at a minimum 45-degree slope from horizontal. The braces shall be spaced maximum 4 feet on center with a maximum 8-foot unbraced length. (CRC R802.5.1)
- **35.** Roof/ceiling member bearing. The ends of each rafter or ceiling joist shall have not less than 1-1/2 inches of bearing on wood or metal and not less than 3 inches of bearing on masonry or concrete. (CRC R802.6)
- **36.** Roof/ceiling member lateral support. Roof framing members and ceiling joists with a nominal depth-to-thickness ratio exceeding 5:1 shall be provided with lateral support at points of bearing to prevent rotation. (CRC R802.8)
- Roof/ceiling bridging. Rafters and ceiling joists with a nominal depth-to-thickness ratio exceeding 6:1 shall be supported laterally by solid blocking, diagonal bridging (wood or metal), or a continuous 1-inch-by-3-inch wood strip nailed across the rafters or ceiling joists at maximum 8-foot intervals. (CRC R802.8.1)

E. Wood Framing (Continued)

- neader and trimmer joists. When the header joist span does not exceed 4 feet, the header joist may be a single member the same size as the ceiling joist or rafter. Single trimmer joists may be used to carry a single header joist located within 3 feet of the trimmer joist bearing. When the header joist span exceeds 4 feet, the trimmer joists and header joist shall be doubled and of sufficient cross section to support the ceiling joists or rafters framing into the header. Approved hangers shall be used for the header-joist-to-trimmer-joist connections when the header joist span exceeds 6 feet. Tail joists over 12 feet long shall be supported at the header by framing
- anchors or on ledger strips minimum 2 inches by 2 inches. (CRC R502.10) 39. Roof framing above shear walls. Rafters or roof trusses shall be connected to top plates of shear walls with blocking between the rafters or trusses. (CRC R602.10.8)

Roof diaphragm under fill framing. Roof plywood shall be continuous under California fill

- 41. Roof diaphragm at ridges. Minimum 2-inch nominal blocking required for roof diaphragm nailing at ridges.
- 42. Blocking of roof trusses. Minimum 2-inch nominal blocking required between trusses at ridge lines and at points of bearing at exterior walls.

43. Truss clearance. Minimum 1/2-inch clearance required between top plates of interior non-

- pearing partitions and bottom chords of trusses. 44. Drilling, cutting, and notching of roof/floor framing. Notches in solid lumber joists, rafters, blocking, and beams shall not exceed one-sixth the member depth, shall be not longer than onethird the member depth, and shall not be located in the middle one-third of the span. Notches at member ends shall not exceed one-fourth the member depth. The tension side of members 4 inches or greater in nominal thickness shall not be notched except at member ends. The diameter of holes bored or cut into members shall not exceed one-third the member depth. Holes shall not be closer than 2 inches to the top or bottom of the member or to any other hole
- 45. Exterior landings, decks, balconies, and stairs. Such elements shall be positively anchored to the primary structure to resist both vertical and lateral forces or shall be designed to be selfsupporting. Attachment shall not be accomplished by use of toenails or nails subject to withdrawal (CRC R311.3)
- **46.** Fireblocking. Fireblocking shall be provided in the following locations (CRC R302.11 and CRC

located in the member. Where the member is also notched, the hole shall not be closer than 2.

- a. In concealed spaces of stud walls and partitions, including furred spaces, and parallel rows of studs or staggered studs, as follows
- I. Vertically at the ceiling and floor levels II. Horizontally at intervals not exceeding 10 feet

e. At chimneys and fireplaces per item E.49

inches to the notch. (CRC R502.8.1)

- **b.** At all interconnections between concealed vertical and horizontal spaces such as occur at soffits, drop ceilings, and cove ceilings c. In concealed spaces between stair stringers at the top and bottom of the run
- d. At openings around vents, pipes, ducts, cables and wires at ceiling and floor level, with an approved material to resist the free passage of flame and products of combustion
- f. Cornices of a two-family dwelling at the line of dwelling-unit separation 47. Fireblocking materials. Except as otherwise specified in items E.48 and E.49, fireblocking shall consist of the following materials with the integrity maintained (CRC R302.11.1):
- **a.** Two-inch nominal lumber **b.** Two thicknesses of one-inch nominal lumber with broken lap joints
- c. One thickness of 23/32-inch wood structural panel with joints backed by 23/32-inch wood **d.** One thickness of 3/4-inch particleboard with joints backed by 3/4-inch particleboard
- e. 1/2-inch gypsum board
- g. Batts or blankets of mineral or glass fiber of other approved materials installed in such a manner as to be securely retained in place. Batts or blankets of mineral or glass fiber or other approved non-rigid materials shall be permitted for compliance with the 10-foot horizontal fireblocking in walls constructed using parallel rows of studs or staggered studs. Unfaced fiberglass batt insulation used as fireblocking shall fill the entire cross-section of the wall cavity to a minimum height of 16 inches measured vertically. When piping, conduit, or similar obstructions are encountered, the insulation shall be packed tightly around the obstruction. Loose-fill insulation material shall not be used as a fireblock unless specifically tested in the form and manner intended for use to demonstrate its ability to remain in place and to retard the spread of fire and
- Fireblocking at openings around vents, pipes, ducts, cables, and wires at ceiling and floor level. Such openings shall be fireblocked with an approved material to resist the free passage of flame and products of combustion. (CRC R302.11)
- 49. Fireblocking of chimneys and fireplaces. All spaces between chimneys and floors and ceilings through which chimneys pass shall be fireblocked with noncombustible material securely fastened in place. The fireblocking of spaces between chimneys and wood joists. beams, or headers shall be self-supporting or be placed on strips of metal or metal lath laid across the spaces between combustible material and the chimney. (CRC R1003.19)
- 50. Draftstopping. In combustible construction where there is usable space both above and below the concealed space of a floor/ceiling assembly, draftstops shall be installed so that the area of the concealed space does not exceed 1000 square feet. Draftstopping shall divide the concealed space into approximately equal areas. Where the assembly is enclosed by a floor membrane above and a ceiling membrane below, draftstopping shall be provided in floor/ceiling assemblies under the following circumstances (CRC R302.12):
- **b.** Floor framing is constructed of truss-type open-web or perforated members
- 51. Draftstopping materials. Draftstopping shall not be less than 1/2-inch gypsum board, 3/8-inch wood structural panels, or other approved materials adequately supported. Draftstopping shall be installed parallel to the floor framing members unless otherwise approved by the building official. The integrity of draftstops shall be maintained. (CRC R302.12.1)
- **52.** Combustible insulation clearance. Combustible insulation shall be separated minimum 3 inches from recessed luminaires, fan motors, and other heat-producing devices. (CRC R302.14)

F. General Material Specifications

a. Ceiling is suspended under the floor framing

- Lumber. All joists, rafters, beams, and posts 2-inches to 4-inches thick shall be No. 2 grade Douglas Fir-Larch or better. All posts and beams 5 inches and thicker shall be No. 1 grade Douglas Fir-Larch or better. Studs not more than 8 feet long shall be stud-grade Douglas Fir-Larch or better when supporting not more than one floor, roof, and ceiling. Studs longer than 8 feet shall be No. 2 grade Douglas Fir-Larch or better.
- **Concrete.** Concrete shall have a minimum compressive strength of 2,500 psi at 28 days and shall consist of 1 part cement, 3 parts sand, 4 parts 1-inch maximum size rock, and not more than 7-1/2 gallons of water per sack of cement. (CRC R402.2) Mortar. Mortar used in construction of masonry walls, foundation walls, and retaining walls shall
- conform to ASTM C 270 and shall consist of 1 part portland cement, 2-1/4 to 3 parts sand, and 1/4 to 1/2 part hydrated lime. (CBC 2103.2) Grout. Grout shall conform to ASTM C 476 and shall consist of 1 part portland cement, 1/10 part hydrated lime, 2-1/4 to 3 parts sand, and 1 to 2 parts gravel. Grout shall attain a minimum
- compressive strength of 2,000 psi at 28 days. (CBC 2103.3) Masonry. Masonry units shall comply with ASTM C 90 for load-bearing concrete masonry units.
- Reinforcing steel. Reinforcing steel used in construction of reinforced masonry or concrete structures shall be deformed and comply with ASTM A 615. (CBC 2103.4) Structural steel. Steel used as structural shapes such as wide-flange sections, channels. plates, and angles shall comply with ASTM A36. Pipe columns shall comply with ASTM A53.

Structural tubes shall comply with ASTM A500, Grade B.

retardant-treated wood - including nuts and washers -- shall be of hot dipped zinc-coated galvanized steel, stainless steel, silicon bronze, or copper. (CRC R317.3.1) **Exception:** 1/2-inch diameter or greater steel bolts

Fasteners for preservative-treated wood. Fasteners for preservative-treated and fire-

- Exception: Fasteners other than nails and timber rivets may be of mechanically deposited zinccoated steel with coating weights in accordance with ASTM B 695, Class 55 minimum Exception: Plain carbon steel fasteners acceptable in SBX/DOT and zinc borate preservative-
- Fasteners for fire-retardant-treated wood. Fasteners for fire-retardant-treated wood used in exterior applications or wet or damp locations shall be of hot dipped zinc-coated galvanized steel, stainless steel, silicon bronze, or copper. (CRC R317.3.3)

Roofing and Weatherproofing

treated wood in an interior, dry environment

- . Roof covering. All roof covering shall be installed per applicable requirements of CBC 1507. Roof coverings shall be at least Class A rated in accordance with ASTM E 108 or UL 790. (County Building Code 92.1.1505.1)
- Roof flashing. Flashing shall be installed at wall and roof intersections, at gutters, wherever there is a change in roof slope or direction, and around roof openings. Where flashing is of metal, the metal shall be corrosion-resistant with a thickness of not less than 0.019 inch (No. 26 galvanized sheet). (CRC R903.2.1)
- 3. Crickets and saddles. A cricket or saddle shall be installed on the ridge side of any chimney or penetration more than 30 inches wide as measured perpendicular to the slope. Cricket or saddle covering shall be sheet metal or the same material as the roof covering. (CRC R903.2.2)

G. Roofing and Weatherproofing (Continued)

- 4. Water-resistive barrier. A minimum of one layer of No. 15 asphalt felt shall be attached to studs or sheathing of all exterior walls. Such felt or material shall be applied horizontally, with the upper layer lapped over the lower layer minimum 2 inches. Where joints occur, felt shall be lapped minimum 6 inches. The felt shall be continuous to the top of walls and terminated at penetrations and building appendages in a manner to maintain a weather-resistant exterior wall
- envelope. (CRC R703.2) Wall flashing. Approved corrosion-resistant flashing shall be applied shingle fashion at the following locations to prevent entry of water into the wall cavity or penetration of water to the
- building structural framing components (CRC R703.8): a. Exterior door and window openings, extending to the surface of the exterior wall finish or to the
- water-resistive barrier for subsequent drainage
- b. At the intersection of chimneys or other masonry construction with frame or stucco walls, with projecting lips on both sides under stucco copings
- **c.** Under and at the ends of masonry, wood, or metal copings and sills
- **d.** Continuously above all projecting wood trim e. Where exterior porches, decks, or stairs attach to a wall or floor assembly of wood-frame
- f. At wall and roof intersections q. At built-in gutters Damp proofing. Damp proofing materials for foundation walls enclosing usable space below
- footing to finished grade. (CRC R406.1) Weep screed. A minimum 0.019-inch (No. 26 galvanized sheet gage), corrosion-resistant weep screed or plastic weep screed with a minimum vertical attachment flange of 3-1/2 inches shall be provided at or below the foundation plate line on exterior stud walls in accordance with ASTM C 92. The weep screed shall be placed a minimum 4 inches above the earth or 2 inches above paved areas and shall be of a type allowing trapped water to drain to the exterior of the building.

H. Grading and soils

Grading permit. Grading permit required if volume of earth moved exceeds 200 cubic yards or if any cuts or fills exceed 8 feet in height/depth. (County Grading Ordinance 202)

grade shall be installed on the exterior surface of the wall and shall extend from the top of the

Compaction report. Compaction report required for fill material 12 inches or more in depth.

Applicability. CalGreen residential mandatory measures shall apply to every newly constructed building or structure and within any addition or alteration increasing a building's conditioned area, volume, or size. (CalGreen 101.3, CalGreen 301.1.1)

I. Green Building Standards Code (CALGreen) Requirements

- Exception: All residential buildings undergoing permitted alterations, additions, or improvements shall replace noncompliant plumbing fixtures with water-conserving plumbing fixtures per CalGreen 301.1.1 and CalGreen 4.303.1
- 2. Water conserving plumbing fixtures and fittings. Plumbing fixtures and fittings shall comply with the following per CalGreen 4.303.1:
- a. Water closets: Maximum 1.28 gallons per flush **b.** Urinals: Maximum 0.5 gallons per flush

minute at 80 psi

c. Single showerheads: Maximum flow rate of 1.8 gallons per minute at 80 psi

installed in each dwelling unit. (County Green Building Code 97.1.4.303.3)

- d. Multiple showerheads serving one shower: Maximum combined flow rate of 1.8 gallons per
- e. Lavatory faucets: Maximum flow rate of 1.2 gallons per minute at 60 psi, minimum flow rate of 0.8 gallons per minute at 20 psi f. Kitchen faucets: Maximum flow rate of 1.5 gallons per minute at 60 psi (County Green Building
- Exception: Temporary increase allowed to maximum 2.2 gallons per minute at 60 psi if faucet defaults back to maximum 1.5 gallons per minute at 60 psi

g. Appliances: At least one qualified ENERGY STAR dishwasher or clothes washer shall be

- Outdoor potable water uses in landscape areas. Residential developments shall comply with local water efficient landscape ordinance or the current California Department of Water Resources Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance (MWELO), whichever is more stringent. (CalGreen 4.304.1)
- unconditioned space needed to accommodate utility and other penetrations must be sealed in compliance with the California Energy Code. (CALGreen 4.406.1) Exception: Annular spaces around pipes, electric cables, conduits or other openings in plates at exterior walls shall be protected against the passage of rodents by closing such opening with cement mortar, concrete masonry or a similar method acceptable to the enforcing agency.

Joints and openings. Openings in the building envelope separating conditioned space from

Construction waste reduction, disposal, and recycling. Recycle and/or salvage for reuse a

- minimum of 65 percent of the nonhazardous construction and demolition waste in accordance with either Section 4.408.2, 4.408.3, or 4.408.4, or meet a more stringent local construction and demolition waste management ordinance. (CalGreen 4.408.1) **Exception**: Excavated soil and land-clearing debris. Exception: Alternate waste reduction methods developed by working with local agencies if diversion or recycle facilities capable of compliance with this item do not exist or are not located
- reasonably close to the jobsite The County of San Diego, Department of Public Works, Construction & Demolition (C&D) Facilities Guide is online at: https://www.sandiegocounty.gov/content/dam/sdc/dpw/SOLID_WASTE_PLANNING and_RECYCLING/UpdatedCDResources/CDFacility_QuickGuide.pdf

Exception: The enforcing agency may make exceptions to the requirements of this section when

- isolated jobsites are located in areas beyond the haul boundaries of the diversion facility. Construction waste management plan. A construction waste management plan in conformance with Items 1-5 shall be completed and available on the job site. The construction waste management plan shall be updated as necessary and shall be available during
- construction for examination by the enforcing agency. (CalGreen 4.408.2) a. Identify the construction and demolition waste materials to be diverted from disposal by recycling, reuse on the project or salvage for future use or sale.
- b. Specify if construction and demolition waste materials will be sorted on-site (source-separated) or bulk mixed (single stream). c. Identify diversion facilities where the construction and demolition waste materials will be taken
- e. Specify that the amount of construction and demolition waste materials diverted shall be calculated by weight or volume, but not by both Waste management company. Utilize a waste management company, approved by the enforcing agency, which can provide verifiable documentation that the percentage of

d. Identify construction methods employed to reduce the amount of construction and demolition

- construction and demolition waste material diverted from the landfill complies with Section 4.408.1. (CalGreen 4.408.3) Note: The owner or contractor may make the determination if the construction and demolition waste materials will be diverted by a waste company
- construction and demolition waste disposed of in landfills, which do not exceed 3.4 pounds per square foot of the building area shall meet the 65 percent construction waste reduction requirement in Section 4.408.1. (CalGreen 4.408.4) 4.408.4.1 Waste stream reduction alternative. Projects that generate a total combined

weight of construction and demolition waste disposed of in landfills, which do not exceed 2

8. Waste stream reduction alternative [LR]. Projects that generate a total combined weight of

- pounds per square foot of the building area shall meet the 65 percent construction waste reduction requirement in Section 4.408.1. Documentation. Documentation shall be provided to the enforcing agency which demonstrates
- compliance with Section 4.408.2. Items 1-5. Section 4.408.3. or Section 4.408.4. 10. Operation and maintenance manual. Prior to final inspection, a manual, compact disc, webbased reference, or other acceptable media which includes all of the following shall be placed

a. Directions to owner or occupant that manual shall remain with the building throughout the life

cycle of the structure. b. Operation and maintenance instructions for the following:

in the building (CALGreen 4.410.1):

- I. Equipment and appliances, including water-saving devices and systems, HVAC system, photovoltaic systems, water-heating systems and other major appliances and equipment. II. Roof and yard drainage, including gutters and downspouts.
- **IV.** Landscape irrigation systems. V. Water reuse systems.

III. Space conditioning systems, including condensers and air filters.

- c. Information from local utility, water, and waste recovery providers on methods to further reduce resource consumption, including recycle programs and locations.
- **d.** Public transportation and/or carpool options available in the area e. Educational material on the positive impacts of an interior relative humidity between 30-60 percent and what methods an occupant may use to maintain the relative humidity level in that
- f. Information about water-conserving landscape and irrigation design and controllers which ${f g.}$ Instructions for maintaining gutters and downspouts and the importance of diverting water at least 5 feet away from the foundation

I. (CalGreen) Requirements (Continued)

- h. Information on required routine maintenance measures, including, but not limited to, caulking, painting, grading around the building, etc.
- . Information about state solar energy and incentive programs available.
- j. A copy of all special inspection verifications required by the enforcing agency or code.
- k. Information from the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection on maintenance of defensible space around residential structures.
- I. Information and/or drawings identifying the location of grab bar reinforcements.
- 11. Covering of duct openings and protection of mechanical equipment during construction At the time of rough installation or during storage on the construction site and until final startup of the heating and cooling equipment, all duct and other related air distribution component openings shall be covered with tape, plastic, Sheetmetal or other methods acceptable to the
- enforcing agency to reduce the amount of dust or debris which may collect in the system. 12. Adhesives, sealants, caulks, paints, and coatings pollutant control. Adhesives (including carpet adhesives), sealants, caulks, paints, and coatings shall comply with VOC limits per CALGreen 4.504.2. Verification of compliance shall be provided at the request of the enforcing
- 13. Carpet systems. All carpet installed in the building interior shall meet the testing and product
- requirements of one of the following (CALGreen 4.504.3): a. Carpet and Rug Institute's Green Label Plus Program (all carpet cushions must meet the requirements of this program).
- b. California Department of Public Health Standard Practice for the testing of VOCs (Specification
- c. NSF/ANSI 140 at the Gold level. d. Scientific Certifications Systems Indoor Advantage™ Gold.
- 14. Resilient flooring systems. At least 80 percent of the floor area receiving resilient flooring shall comply with one of or more of the following (CALGreen 4.504.4):
- a. VOC emission limits defined in the Collaborative for High Performance Schools (CHPS) High Performance Products Database
- b. Products compliant with CHPS criteria certified under the Greenguard Children & Schools c. Certification under the Resilient Floor Covering Institute (RFCI) FloorScore program.

d. Meet the currently adopted version of California Department of Public Health, "Standard Method

- for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers," (also known as Specification 01350) 15. Composite wood products. Hardwood plywood, particleboard and medium density fiberboard composite wood products used on the interior or exterior of the building shall meet the requirements for formaldehyde as specified in ARB's Air Toxics Control Measure for Composite Wood (17 CCR 93120 et seq.) by or before the dates specified in those sections, as shown in
- CalGreen Table 4.504.5. The following limits are in parts per million (CALGreen 4.504.5): **a.** Hardwood plywood veneer core **b.** Hardwood plywood composite core
- 0.09 **c.** Particle board 0.11 **d.** Medium-density fiberboard (MDF) e. Thin MDF (5/16 inch or less)

humidity range of 50% to 80%.

- 16. Moisture content of building materials. Building materials with visible signs of water damage shall not be installed. Wall and floor framing shall not be enclosed when the framing members exceed 19 percent moisture content. Moisture content shall be verified in compliance with the following (CALGreen 4.505.3):
- **a.** Moisture content shall be determined with either a probe-type or contact-type moisture meter. **b.** Moisture readings shall be taken at a point 2 feet to 4 feet from the grade stamped end of each piece to be verified. c. At least three random moisture readings shall be performed on wall and floor framing with

follow the manufacturers' drying recommendations prior to enclosure.

the wall and floor framing. Insulation products which are visibly wet or have high moisture content shall be replaced or allowed to dry prior to enclosure in wall or floor cavities. Wet-applied insulation products shall

documentation acceptable to the enforcing agency provided at the time of approval to enclose

17. Bathrooms with a bathtub and/or shower shall be mechanically ventilated per the following a. Fans shall be ENERGY STAR compliant and ducted to terminate outside building

b. Unless functioning as a component of a whole-house ventilation system, fans shall have

humidity controls capable of adjustment - manually or automatically -- between a relative

18. Heating and air-conditioning system design. Heating and air-conditioning systems shall be sized, designed, and have their equipment selected using the following methods (CALGreen

a. The heat loss and heat gain are established according to the currently adopted version of

b. Duct systems are sized according to the currently adopted version of ANSI/ACCA 1 Manual D,

ANSI/ACCA 2 Manual J. ASHRAE handbooks, or other equivalent design software or methods.

ASHRAE handbooks, or other equivalent design software or methods. c. Select heating and cooling equipment according to the currently adopted version of ACCA 36-S Manual S or other equivalent design software or methods.

TABLE R602.3(1) FASTENER SCHEDULE FOR STRUCTURAL MEMBERS

OF FASTENER^a,

TEM DESCRIPTION OF BUILDING ELEMENTS

	Blocking between ceiling joists, rafters or trusses to top plate or other framing below	4-8d box (2 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.113"); or 3-8d common (2 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.131"); or 3-10d box (3" × 0.128"); or 3-3" × 0.131" nails	Toe n	ail
1	Blocking between rafters or truss not at the wall	2-8d common (2 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.131"); or 2-3" × 0.131" nails	Each end	toe nail
	top plates, to rafter or truss Flat blocking to truss and web filler	2-16d common (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.162"); or 3-3" × 0.131" nails 16d common (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.162"); or	End n	
2	Ceiling joists to top plate	3" × 0.131" nails 4-8d box (2¹/₂" × 0.113"); or 3-8d common (2¹/₂" × 0.131"); or	Per joist, t	
	Ceiling joist not attached to parallel rafter, laps	3-10d box (3" × 0.128"); or 3-3" × 0.131" nails 4-10d box (3" × 0.128"); or	•	
3	over partitions [see <u>Section R802.5.2</u> and <u>Table R802.5.2(1)]</u> Ceiling joist attached to parallel rafter (heel joint)	3-16d common (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.162"); or 4-3" × 0.131" nails Table R802.5.2(1)	Face I	
5	[see Section R802.5.2 and Table R802.5.2(1)] Collar tie to rafter, face nail	4-10d box (3" × 0.128"); or 3-10d common (3" × 0.148"); or	Face nail ea	
6	Defter or reaf truce to plate	4-3" × 0.131" nails 3-16d box (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.135"); or 3-10d common (3" × 0.148"); or	2 toe nails on one si	de and 1 toe nail
O	Rafter or roof truss to plate	4-10d box (3" × 0.128"); or 4-3" × 0.131" nails 4-16d box (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.135"); or	on opposite side of e	ach rafter or truss ⁱ
7	Roof rafters to ridge, valley or hip rafters or roof	3-10d common (3" × 0.148"); or 4-10d box (3" × 0.128"); or 4-3" × 0.131" nails	Toe n	ail
,	rafter to minimum 2" ridge beam	3-16d box $(3^1/2" \times 0.135")$; or 2-16d common $(3^1/2" \times 0.162")$; or 3-10d box $(3" \times 0.128")$; or	End n	ail
		3-3" × 0.131" nails Wall		
8	Stud to stud (not at braced wall panels)	16d common (31/ ₂ " × 0.162") 10d box (3" × 0.128"); or 3" × 0.131" nails	24" o.c. fa 16" o.c. fa	
9	Stud to stud and abutting studs at intersecting wall corners (at braced wall panels)	16d box (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.135"); or 3" × 0.131" nails	12" o.c. fa	
10	Built-up header (2" to 2" header with $^{1}/_{2}$ " spacer)	16d common (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.162") 16d common (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.162")	16" o.c. fa	lge face nail
11	Continuous header to stud $3^{1}/_{2}$ "	16d box (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.135") 5-8d box (2 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.113"); or 4-8d common (2 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.131"); or	12" o.c. each ed	-
10		4-10d box (3" × 0.128") 4-16d box (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.135"); or 3-16d common (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.162"); or		
12	Adjacent full-height stud to end of header	4-10d box (3" × 0.128"); or 4-3" × 0.131" nails 16d common (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.162")	End n	
13	Top plate to top plate	10d box (3" × 0.128"); or 3" × 0.131" nails	12" o.c. fa	
14	Double top plate splice	8-16d common (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.162"); or 12-16d box (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.135"); or 12-10d box (3" × 0.128"); or	Face nail on each : (minimum 24" lap s side of en	olice length each
15	Bottom plate to joist, rim joist, band joist or	12-3" × 0.131" nails 16d common (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.162") 16d box (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.135"); or	16" o.c. fa	ce nail
	blocking (not at braced wall panels)	3" × 0.131" nails Roof	12" o.c. fa	ce nail
16	Bottom plate to joist, rim joist, band joist or blocking (at braced wall panel)	3-16d box $(3^1/2" \times 0.135")$; or 2-16d common $(3^1/2" \times 0.162")$; or 4-3" × 0.131" nails	16" o.c. fa	ce nail
17	Top or bottom plate to stud	4-8d box (2 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.113"); or 3-16d box (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.135"); or 4-8d common (2 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.131"); or 4-10d box (3" × 0.128"); or 4-3" × 0.131" nails	Toe n	ail
		3-16d box (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.135"); or 2-16d common (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.162"); or 3-10d box (3" × 0.128"); or	End n	ail
18	Top plates, laps at corners and intersections	3-3" × 0.131" nails 3-10d box (3" × 0.128"); or 2-16d common (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.162"); or	Face i	nail
40	4# h h h	3-3" × 0.131" nails 3-8d box (2¹/₂" × 0.113"); or 2-8d common (2¹/₂" × 0.131"); or	Face	11
19	1" brace to each stud and plate	2-10d box (3" × 0.128"); or 2 staples 1 ³ / ₄ " 3-8d box (2 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.113"); or	Face i	iali
20	1" × 6" sheathing to each bearing	2-8d common $(2^1/2^n \times 0.131^n)$; or 2-10d box $(3^n \times 0.128^n)$; or 2 staples, 1" crown, 16 ga., $1^3/4^n$ long	Face r	nail
		3-8d box (2 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.113"); or 3-8d common (2 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.131"); or 3-10d box (3" × 0.128"); or		
21	1" × 8" and wider sheathing to each bearing	3 staples, 1" crown, 16 ga., 13/4" long Wider than 1" × 8" 4-8d box (21/2" × 0.113"); or	Face r	nail
		3-8d common (2 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.131"); or 3-10d box (3" × 0.128"); or 4 staples, 1" crown, 16 ga., 1 ³ / ₄ " long		
		Floor 4-8d box (2 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.113"); or		
22	Joist to sill, top plate or girder	3-8d common (2 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.131"); or 3-10d box (3" × 0.128"); or 3-3" × 0.131" nails	Toe n	ail
23	Rim joist, band joist or blocking to sill or top plate (roof applications also)	8d box (2 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.113") 8d common (2 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.131"); or 10d box (3" × 0.128"); or	4" o.c. to	
		3" × 0.131" nails 3-8d box (2¹/₂" × 0.113"); or 2-8d common (2¹/₂" × 0.131"); or		
24	1" × 6" subfloor or less to each joist	3-10d box (3" × 0.128"); or 2 staples, 1" crown, 16 ga., 13/4" long 3-16d box (31/2" × 0.135"); or	Face i	
25 26	2" subfloor to joist or girder 2" planks (plank & beam—floor & roof)	3-16d box (3 ¹ / ₂ × 0.135"); or 2-16d common (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.135"); or 2-16d common (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.162")	Blind and f	
27	Band or rim joist to joist	3-16d common (31/ ₂ " × 0.162"); or 4-10 box (3" × 0.128"); or 4-3" × 0.131" nails; or	End n	ail
		4-3" × 14 ga. staples, 7/ ₁₆ " crown 20d common (4" × 0.192"); or	Nail each layer as fo	
28	Built-up girders and beams, 2-inch lumber layers	10d box (3" × 0.128"); or 3" × 0.131" nails	top and bottom a 24" o.c. face nail at staggered on op	top and bottom
	,	And: 2-20d common (4" × 0.192"); or 3-10d box (3" × 0.128"); or	Face nail at ends ar	nd at each splice
20	1 - d	3-3" × 0.131" nails 4-16d box (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.135"); or 3-16d common (3 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.162"); or	A4 b := i= t	
29	Ledger strip supporting joists or rafters	4-10d box (3" × 0.128"); or 4-3" × 0.131" nails 2-10d box (3" × 0.128"); or	At each joist or ra	alter, lace hall
30	Bridging or blocking to joist, rafter or truss	2-8d common (2 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.131"); or 2-3" × 0.131" nails	Each end,	
TEM	DESCRIPTION OF BUILDING ELEMENTS	NUMBER AND TYPE OF FASTENER ^{a, b, c}	Edgesh (inches)	Intermediate supports ^{c, e}
		panels, subfloor, roof and interior wall sheathing to framing and [see <u>Table R602.3(3)</u> for wood structural panel exterior wall sheat	thing to wall framing	(inches)
31	3/ ₈ " - 1/ ₂ "	6d common or deformed (2" × 0.113"× 0.266" head); or 23/8" × 0.113" × 0.266" head nail (subfloor, wall) ⁱ 8d common (2 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.131") nail (roof); or	6	6 ^f
		RSRS-01 (2 ³ / ₈ " × 0.113") nail (roof) ^b 8d common (2-2 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.131") nail (subfloor, wall)	6	6 ^f 12
32	19/32" — 3/4"	8d common (21/2" × 0.131") nail (roof); or RSRS-01; (2 ³ / ₈ " × 0.113") nail (roof) ^b Deformed 2 ³ / ₈ " × 0.113" × 0.266" head (wall or subfloor)	6	6 ^f
33	7/8" — 11/4"	10d common (3" × 0.148") nail; or (2 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.131 × 0.281" head) deformed nail	6	12
34	1/2" structural cellulosic fiberboard sheathing	Other wall sheathing ⁹ 11/2" × 0.120" galvanized roofing nail,7/ ₁₆ " head diameter; or 11/4" long 16 ga. staple with 7/ ₁₆ " or 1" crown	3	6
35	²⁵ / ₃₂ " structural cellulosic fiberboard sheathing	$1^3/_4$ " × 0.120" galvanized roofing nail, $^7/_{16}$ " head diameter; or $1^1/_4$ " long 16 ga. staple with $^7/_{16}$ " or 1" crown	3	6
36	1/2" gypsum sheathing ^d	11/2" × 0.120" galvanized roofing nail, ⁷ / ₁₆ " head diameter, or 11/ ₄ "long 16 ga.; staple galvanized, 11/ ₂ " long; ⁷ / ₁₆ " or 1" crown or 11/ ₄ " screws, Type	7	7
37	5/8" gypsum sheathing ^d	W or S 13/4" × 0.120" galvanized roofing nail, ⁷ / ₁₆ " head diameter, or 11/4" long 16 ga.;	7	7
		staple galvanized, 11/2" long; 7/16" or 1"crown or 11/4" screws, Type W or S ural panels, combination subfloor underlayment to framing	<u> </u>	
38	3/4" and less	Deformed (2"× 0.113") or Deformed (2" × 0.120") nail; or 8d common (2 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.131") nail	6	12
		8d common (2 ¹ / ₂ " × 0.131") nail: or		

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 mile per hour = 0.447 m/s; 1 ksi = 6.895 MPa. a. Nails are smooth-common, box or deformed shanks except where otherwise stated. Nails used for framing and sheathing connections carbon steel and shall have minimum average bending yield strengths as shown: 80 ksi for shank diameter of 0.192 inch (20d common nai 90 ksi for shank diameters larger than 0.142 inch but not larger than 0.177 inch, and 100 ksi for shank diameters of 0.142 inch or less Connections using nails and staples of other materials, such as stainless steel, shall be designed by accepted engineering practice or app

b. RSRS-01 is a Roof Sheathing Ring Shank nail meeting the specifications in ASTM F1667

d. Four-foot by 8-foot or 4-foot by 9-foot panels shall be applied vertically.

c. Nails shall be spaced at not more than 6 inches on center at all supports where spans are 48 inches or greater

 $1^{1/8}'' - 1^{1/4}''$

under Section R104.11

shall conform to ASTM C208.

e. Spacing of fasteners not included in this table shall be based on Table R602.3(2). f. For wood structural panel roof sheathing attached to gable end roof framing and to intermediate supports within 48 inches of roof edges and ridges, nails shall be spaced at 4 inches on center where the ultimate design wind speed is greater than 130 mph in Exposure B or greater

g. Gypsum sheathing shall conform to ASTM C1396 and shall be installed in accordance with ASTM C1280 or GA 253. Fiberboard sheatl

h. Spacing of fasteners on floor sheathing panel edges applies to panel edges supported by framing members and required blocking and at floor perimeters only. Spacing of fasteners on roof sheathing panel edges applies to panel edges supported by framing members and required blocking. Blocking of roof or floor sheathing panel edges perpendicular to the framing members need not be provided except as required l other provisions of this code. Floor perimeter shall be supported by framing members or solid blocking. Where a rafter is fastened to an adjacent parallel ceiling joist in accordance with this schedule, provide two toe nails on one side of the rafter

and toe nails from the ceiling joist to top plate in accordance with this schedule. The toe nail on the opposite side of the rafter shall not b

THERE ARE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS AND SHALL NOT SUPERSEDE MORE RESTRICTIVE SPECIFICATIONS ON THE PLANS OR AS REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE CODE

SPACING AND LOCATION

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Sheet Number